Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of Radiation

CRaTER Standard Product Data Record and Archive Volume Software Interface Specification

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Prepared by

Michael J. Golightly University of New Hampshire Durham, NH, 03824-2600, USA

Steven P. Joy University of California Los Angeles, CA 90095-1567, USA



Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter

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Release E February 1, 2010

| Approved: | | |
|--------------|--|------|
| | | |
| | Harlan Spence CRaTER Principal Investigator | Date |
| | Daymond Wallson | Data |
| | Raymond Walker PDS PPI Node Manager | Date |
| | | |
| Concurrence: | | |
| | Stan Scott | Date |
| | LRO Data Engineer | |



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1 Preface

This document describes the format and content of the Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter (LRO) Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of Radiation (CRaTER) Standard Product Data Record archive.

1.1 Distribution list

Table 1: Distribution list

| Name | Organization | Email |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Charles Acton | NASA/JPL/PDS/NAIF | charles.acton@jpl.nasa.gov |
| Arlin Bartels | NASA/GSFC/LRO | arlin.bartels@nasa.gov |
| David Bradford | BU/Astronomy | bradford@bu.edu |
| Robert Goeke | MIT/MKI | goeke@space.mit.edu |
| Mike Golightly | UNH/EOS | m.j.golightly@unh.edu |
| Nicholas Gross | BU/Astronomy | gross@bu.edu |
| Steve Johnson | NASA/JSC/SRAG | a.s.johnson@nasa.gov |
| Steve Joy | UCLA/PDS/PPI | sjoy@igpp.ucla.edu |
| Justin Kasper | CfA | jkasper@cfa.harvard.edu |
| Jeff Sanborn | BU/Astronomy | jsanborn@bu.edu |
| Timothy Johnson | NASA/GSFC/LRO | timothy.w.johnson@nasa.gov |
| Stanley R. Scott | NASA/GSFC/LRO | stanley.r.scott@nasa.gov |
| Edward J. Semones | NASA/JSC/SRAG | edward.j.semones@nasa.gov |
| Mark Sharlow | UCLA/PDS/PPI | msharlow@igpp.ucla.edu |
| Harlan Spence | UNH/EOS | harlan.spence@unh.edu |
| Ray Walker | UCLA/PDS/PPI | rwalker@igpp.ucla.edu |
| Erik Wilson | BU/Astronomy | wilsone@bu.edu |

1.2 Document change log

Table 2: Document change log

| Change | Date | Affected portion |
|-----------------------------------|------------|---|
| Initial draft | 03/31/2007 | All |
| Release A | 05/31/2007 | All |
| Release B (for peer review) | 08/01/2007 | All |
| Release C | 11/15/2007 | All |
| Release D | 01/29/2009 | § 1.1, Table1—update name, organization, and email address entries in document distribution list. § 1.3, Table 3—all TBDs removed. § 2.3.1, Table 8—provided standard file names for NAIF 1, NAIF 2, NAIF 3 data products. § 2.3.1, Table 8—added three additional required ancillary data products (NAIF-4, NAIF-5, NAIF-6). |
| | | § 2.3.1—added an explanatory note for the addition of NAIF-5 and NAIF-6 |

to the required ancillary data products listed in Table 8.

- § 2.6--update 431-ICD-000049 version & release date.
- § 3.1, Table 9—revised date of end of commissioning phase based on current LRO project schedule.
- § 3.1—revised date of start of prime mission phase based on current LRO project schedule; corrected duration of prime mission phase (from 13 to 12 months) to be consistent with current LRO program definition of Phase E.
- § 4.3, Table 14—added jpeg images associated with HTML version of instrument calibration plan to contents of CALIB directory.
- § 4.4, Table 15—removed duplicate entries.
- § 4.6, Table 18—updated GAPS_*.TXT extension to GAPS_*.TAB.
- § 4.7, Table 19—added Planetary Ephemeris (SPK), Leap Second (LSK), Generic Planetary Constants (PCK), Spacecraft Clock Correlation (SLCK), Spacecraft Frame (FK) kernels from Table 20.
- § 4.7, Table 19—added new required ancillary data products (NAIF-4, NAIF-5, NAIF-6) identified in Table 8.
- § 4.7, Table 20—moved the entries for Planetary Ephemeris (SPK), Leap Second (LSK), Generic Planetary Constants (PCK), Spacecraft Clock Correlation (SLCK), and Spacecraft Frame (FK) kernels to Table 19 (since the SPK, LSK, PCK, SLCK, and FK kernels change very infrequently, it is more efficient to keep single copies of them in the EXTRAS root directory).
- § 4.7, Table 20—deleted LRO Event kernel
- (LRO_EvtKer_yyyyddd_Vvv.te); event kernel file not used in data processing.
- § 4.7, Table 20—updated file names to conform to MOC standard file names in current release of External Systems ICD for LRO GS (431-ICD-000049, Rev B).
- § 5.2.5, Table 24—corrected size of PRODUCT_CREATION_DATE parameter in index files.
- § 5.2.6, Table 28—Updated entries for the Level 0 housekeeping data file format; deleted entries for byte 12, bit 4-15 (instrument 28VDC bus voltage) and byte 20, bits 0-15 (instrument 28VDC bus current) to reflect removal of instrument 28VDC voltage and current monitor outputs (parameters still present in data written to L0 file but are now undefined). § 5.2.7, Table 32—Updated entries for the Level 1 housekeeping data file format; deleted entries for bytes 16-23 (instrument 28VDC bus voltage), bytes 51-58 (instrument 28VDC bus current), and bytes 59-66 (instrument 28VDC bus power draw) to reflect removal of instrument 28VDC voltage and current monitor outputs; renumbered byte offset values for remaining fields.

Appendix A, Table 36—updated listings of CRaTER and UCLA team support staffs and cognizant individuals.

Appendix C, § C.5—updated description of L0 housekeeping record to reflect removal of instrument 28VDC voltage and current monitor outputs; parameters still present in data written to L0 file but are now undefined. Appendix D, § D.3—updated description of L1 housekeeping record to reflect removal of instrument 28VDC voltage and current monitor outputs; columns 4 (V28BUS), 9 (I28BUS), and 10 (P28BUS) deleted; remaining

| | | columns renumbered to reflect deletion of columns 4, 9, 10. Appendix E, § E.3—updated descriptions for columns 5, 10, and 11 to reflect use of spacecraft 28VDC bus monitor data instead of instrument 28VDC bus for these parameters; corrected column 10 "UNIT" value. Sections 1 through 5—minor editorial changes/corrections. |
|-----------|------------|---|
| Release E | 02/01/2010 | 28VDC bus for these parameters; corrected column 10 "UNIT" value. Sections 1 through 5—minor editorial changes/corrections. § 1.1, Table 1—update name, organization, and email address entries in document distribution list. § 1.4, Table 4—updates to list of abbreviations and their meaning. § 2.2 and Table 5—change nominal thickness of "thin" detectors from 140μm to 150μm. § 2.2 and 2.2.1—minor editorial changes/clarifications. § 2.3, Table 6—change "eV" to "keV" for CRAT_L1 "Processing Inputs"; removed "housekeeping in engineering units, conditioned" from CRAT_L2 "Processing Inputs". § 2.3—updated description of the Level 2 data products. § 2.4—updated description of Level 2 data file production (step 4). § 3.1.—changed the PDS delivery and publish dates to correspond to those in LRO Data Management Schedule (2009-10-23). § 3.1, Table 9—updated "end of commissioning date" to actual date. § 4, Table 19—updated name of current spacecraft frame kernel file (Iro_frames_2009168_v01.tf). § 5, Tables 24-35—updated descriptions of numerous data record fields for clarification and consistency with the description of corresponding tags in the FMT files (Appendices C-E). § 5.2.7, Table 32—changed units for "BiasCurrent" data field from "Amps" to "μAmps". § 5.2.8, Table 33—removed the undefined Flags[32]; added MaxSigFlags[6] identifying detector signals near the maximum of the amplifier-ADC chain dynamic ranges and GTLLDFlags[6] identifying detector signals that exceed valid event thresholds specified by the LLDs. § 5.2.8, Table 34—spacecraft-to-Moon vector (J2000) (MoonVec[3]) replaced by Moon-to-spacecraft vector (MOON_ME) (Spacecraft Vec[3]); deleted spacecraft-to-Sun vector (J2000) (SunVec[3]), CRaTER boresight unit vector (J2000) (CraterVec[3]), altitude above lunar surface (J2000) |
| | | (Altitude), angle between CRaTER boresight and nadir (Nadir), Sun-to-CRaTER vector (GSE) (GSEVec), Earth-to-CRaTER vector (GSM) (GSMVec), S/C latitude (selenocentric, IAU) (Latitude), and S/C longitude (selenocentric, IAU) (Longitude). § 5.2.8, Table 35—changed units for "BiasCurrent" data field from "Amps" to "µAmps"; added OffMoonFlag and EclipseFlag; corrected offset value in |
| | | "Byte" column for <i>BiasCurrent</i> [6]. Appendix A, Table 36—updated affiliations and contact information for PI and Deputy Project Scientist/SOC Lead. Appendix B, § B.1—Updated DESCRIPTION tag value to be consistent with text of CRAT_L0_DS.CAT, "Data Set Overview". Appendix B, § B.2—Updated DESCRIPTION tag value to be consistent |
| | | with text of CRAT_L0_DS.CAT, "Data Set Overview"; revised DATA_SET_NAME tag value to be consistent with value in |

CRAT LO DS.CAT

Appendix B, § B.3—Updated DESCRIPTION tag value to be consistent with text of CRAT_L0_DS.CAT, "Data Set Overview"; revised DATA_SET_NAME tag value to be consistent with value in CRAT_L0_DS.CAT

Appendix B, § B.4—Updated DESCRIPTION tag value to be consistent with text of CRAT_L1_DS.CAT, "Data Set Overview"; revised DATA_SET_NAME tag value to be consistent with value in CRAT_L1_DS.CAT; updated RECORD_BYTES = 118 to RECORD_BYTES = 117; updated ROW_BYTES = 118 to ROW_BYTES = 117; updated COLUMNS = 5 to COLUMNS = 15.

Appendix B, § B.5—Updated DESCRIPTION tag value to be consistent with text of CRAT_L1_DS.CAT, "Data Set Overview"; revised DATA_SET_NAME tag value to be consistent with value in

CRAT_L1_DS.CAT; updated COLUMNS = 17 to COLUMNS = 28.

Appendix B, § B.6—Updated DESCRIPTION tag value to be consistent

with text of CRAT_L1_DS.CAT, "Data Set Overview"; revised

DATA_SET_NAME tag value to be consistent with value in

CRAT_L1_DS.CAT; updated RECORD_BYTES = 252 to RECORD_BYTES = 202; updated ROW_BYTES = 252 to ROW_BYTES = 202; updated COLUMNS = 26 to COLUMNS = 25.

Appendix B, § B.7—Updated DESCRIPTION tag value to be consistent with text of CRAT_L2_DS.CAT, "Data Set Overview"; revised DATA_SET_NAME tag value to be consistent with value in CRAT_L2_DS.CAT; updated RECORD_BYTES = 280 to

RECORD_BYTES = 240; updated ROW_BYTES = 280 to ROW_BYTES = 240; updated COLUMNS = 9 to COLUMNS = 35.

Appendix B, § B.8—Updated DESCRIPTION tag value to be consistent with text of CRAT_L2_DS.CAT, "Data Set Overview"; revised DATA_SET_NAME tag value to be consistent with value in CRAT_L2_DS.CAT; updated RECORD_BYTES = 386 to RECORD_BYTES = 194; updated ROW_BYTES = 386 to ROW_BYTES = 194; updated COLUMNS = 27 to COLUMNS = 32.

Appendix B, § B.9—Updated DESCRIPTION tag value to be consistent with text of CRAT_L2_DS.CAT, "Data Set Overview"; revised DATA_SET_NAME tag value to be consistent with value in CRAT_L2_DS.CAT; updated RECORD_BYTES = 306 to

RECORD_BYTES = 329; updated ROW_BYTES = 306 to ROW_BYTES = 329; updated COLUMNS = 30 to COLUMNS = 38.

Appendices C-E-- updated entries of numerous DESCRIPTION tags for clarification and consistency with the corresponding descriptions in Tables 24-35 describing level 0, 1, and 2 data file records.

 $\$ D.3, OBJECT NAME = BIASCURRENT-- changed UNITS tag for from "AMPS" to "MICRO AMPS".

§ E.1—deleted OBJECT NAME = FLAGS; added OBJECT NAME = MAXSIGFLAGS and OBJECT NAME = MAXSIGFLAGS.

§ E.3-- changed UNITS tag from "AMPS" to "MICRO AMPS" for OBJECT

| NAME = BIASCURRENT; added OBJECT NAME = OFFMOONFLAG |
|---|
| and OBJECT NAME = ECLIPSEFLAG; corrected START_BYTE |
| values for V28BUS, V5DIGITAL, VANALOGERR, V5PLUS, V5NEG, |
| I28BUS, P28BUS, BIASCURRENT, BIASVOLTTHIN, |
| BIASVOLTTHICK, CALAMP, LLDTHIN, LLDTHICK, TTELESCOPE, |
| TANALOG, TDIGITAL, TPOWER, TREF, RADHIGHSENS, RADMEDSENS, |
| RADLOWSENS, RADTOTAL, and BIASENERGY. |

1.3 TBD items

Table 3: List of TBD items

| Item | Section(s) | Page(s) |
|------|------------|---------|
| | | |

1.4 Abbreviations

Table 4: Abbreviations and their meaning

| Abbreviation | Meaning |
|--------------|---|
| ADC | Analog-to-Digital Converter |
| ADU | Analog-to-Digital Units |
| ASCII | American Standard Code for Information Interchange |
| BU | Boston University |
| CCSDS | Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems |
| CD-ROM | Compact Disc – Read-Only Memory |
| CDR | Calibrated Data Record |
| CfA | Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics |
| CK | C-matrix Kernel (NAIF orientation data) |
| CODMAC | Committee on Data Management, Archiving, and Computing |
| CRaTER | Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of Radiation |
| CRC | Cyclic Redundancy Check |
| DAP | Data Analysis Product |
| DDR | Derived Data Record |
| DVD | Digital Versatile Disc |
| DVD-R | DVD - Recordable media |
| E&PO | Educational and Public Outreach |
| EDR | Experiment Data Record |
| EOS | Institute for the Study of Earth, Oceans, and Space (University of New Hampshire) |
| FOV | Field of View |
| FTP | File Transfer Protocol |
| GB | Gigabyte(s) |
| GCR | Galactic Cosmic Ray |
| GSFC | Goddard Space Flight Center |
| HK | Housekeeping |
| HTML | Hypertext Markup Language |

| ICD | Interface Control Document |
|-------|---|
| ISO | International Standards Organization |
| JPL | Jet Propulsion Laboratory |
| JSC | Johnson Spaceflight Center |
| LET | Lineal Energy Transport |
| LRO | Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter |
| MB | Megabyte(s) |
| MIT | Massachusetts Institute of Technology |
| MKI | MIT Kavli Institute for Astrophysics and Space Research |
| MOC | Missions Operations Center (GSFC, LRO) |
| NAIF | Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility (JPL) |
| NASA | National Aeronautics and Space Administration |
| NSSDC | National Space Science Data Center |
| ODL | Object Description Language |
| PCK | Planetary Cartographic and Physical Constants Kernel (NAIF) |
| PDS | Planetary Data System |
| PHA | Pulse Height Analysis |
| PPI | Planetary Plasma Interactions Node (PDS) |
| SCET | Spacecraft Event Time |
| SCLK | Spacecraft Clock |
| SIS | Software Interface Specification |
| SPDR | Standard Product (Experiment and Pipeline) Data Record |
| SPE | Solar Particle Event |
| SPICE | Spacecraft, Planet, Instrument, C-matrix, and Events (NAIF data format) |
| SPK | SPICE (ephemeris) Kernel (NAIF) |
| SRAG | Space Radiation Analysis Group (JSC) |
| TBC | To Be Confirmed |
| TBD | To Be Determined |
| TEP | Tissue Equivalent Plastic |
| UCLA | University of California, Los Angeles |
| UNH | University of New Hampshire |

1.5 Glossary

Archive – An archive consists of one or more data sets along with all the documentation and ancillary information needed to understand and use the data. An archive is a logical construct independent of the medium on which it is stored.

Archive Volume – A volume is a unit of media on which data products are stored; e.g. one DVD-R. An *archive volume* is a volume containing all or part of an archive; i.e. data products plus documentation and ancillary files.

Archive Volume Set – When an archive spans multiple volumes, they are called an *archive volume set*. Usually the documentation and some ancillary files are repeated on each volume of the set, so that a single volume can be used alone.

- **Catalog Information** High-level descriptive information about a data set (e.g. mission description, spacecraft description, instrument description), expressed in Object Description Language (ODL), which is suitable for loading into a PDS catalog.
- **Data Product** A labeled grouping of data resulting from a scientific observation, usually stored in one file. A product label identifies, describes, and defines the structure of the data. An example of a data product is a planetary image, a spectral table, or a time series table.
- **Data Set** A data set is an accumulation of data products together with supporting documentation and ancillary files.
- **Experiment Data Record** An accumulation of raw output data from a science instrument, in chronological order, with duplicate records removed, together with supporting documentation and ancillary files.
- **Pipeline Data Record** An accumulation of calibrated data from a science instrument, derived from experiment data records, together with supporting documentation, calibration data, and ancillary files.
- **Standard Data Product** A data product generated in a predefined way using well-understood procedures and processed in "pipeline" fashion. Data products that are generated in a non-standard way are sometimes called *special data products*.

2 Introduction

2.1 SIS content overview

This software interface specification (SIS) describes the format, content, and generation of the CRaTER experiment and pipeline data record archive volumes. Section 3 describes the procedure for transferring data products to archive media, section 4 describes the structure of the archive volumes and contents of each file, and section 5 describes the file formats used in the archive volumes. Individuals responsible for generating the archive volumes are listed in Appendix A. PDS-compliant label files for all CRaTER standard data products are itemized and described in Appendix B, while L0, L1, and L2 data products file headers and data record formats are itemized and described in Appendix C, Appendix D, and Appendix E, respectively.

2.2 CRaTER scientific overview

The CRaTER instrument consists of a single, integrated sensor and electronics box with simple electronic and mechanical interfaces to the LRO spacecraft. The CRaTER sensor front-end design is based on standard charged-particle telescope systems that have been flown for decades, using current generation silicon solid-state detectors typical of those flown on numerous space missions. The analog electronics design is virtually identical to the flight-proven design of the NASA/POLAR Imaging Proton Spectrometer that operating flawlessly during the 12-year mission. The digital processing unit is a simple and straightforward design based on similar instruments with excellent spaceflight heritage.

The CRaTER telescope consists of six fully depleted silicon detectors mounted in identical detector holders: three "thin" and three "thick" detectors. All six silicon detectors are 35mm in diameter. The "thin" detectors—detectors 1, 3, and 5--are nominally 150µm thick and the "thick" detectors-detectors 2, 4, and 6--nominally 1000µm in thickness. The detectors are grouped into three pairs of thin and thick detectors with each pair separated by a piece of tissue-equivalent plastic (TEP). TEP (such as A-150 manufactured by Standard Imaging) simulates soft body tissue (muscle) and has been used for both ground-based as well as space-based (i.e., International Space Station) experiments.

Table 5: Instrument design characteristics

| | to to the state of | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Low LET detectors | 9.6 cm ² circular, 1000 μm thick | | | |
| High LET detectors | 9.6 cm ² circular, 150 µm thick | | | |
| TEP absorber 1 | 5.4 cm cylinder | | | |
| TEP absorber 2 | 2.7 cm cylinder | | | |
| Zenith FOV | 35°, 6-detector coincidence | | | |
| Nadir FOV | 75°, for D3D4D5D6 coincidence | | | |
| Geometry factor | 0.1 cm ² sr (D1D2 events) | | | |
| LET range | 0.2 - 7 MeV/ μm (Si) | | | |
| Incident particle energy range | \geq 20 MeV (H), \geq 87 MeV/nucleon (Fe) | | | |

Solid-state detectors use semi-conducting crystals (in CRaTER's case, silicon) with *n*-type (electron-rich, electron conducting) and *p*-type (electron-deficient, hole conducting) regions.

When a reversed bias voltage is applied across the junction, the unbound electrons in the semiconductor are pushed away from the voltage source, while the holes are pulled towards it. This leaves a neutral area void of charge and current at the junction of the sectors, called the depletion region. As incoming radiation (e.g., energetic charged-particles from SEPs or GCR) pass through the depletion region, additional electron-hole pairs are formed in the material (where a once bonded electron is freed from its atom, leaving a hole). The electron and the holes respond to the applied voltage, creating a small current. This current can be detected and later analyzed.

TEP is a plastic-based composite material designed to simulate human tissue. It includes hydrogen and carbon percentages-by-composition that are similar to that found in human muscle. Scientists can use the atomic-level radiation interactions in TEP to simulate the complex effects of bulk tissue on the evolution of the radiation as it penetrates into the body and interacts with critical tissues and organs.

2.2.1 Scientific objectives

The primary goal of CRaTER is to characterize the global lunar radiation environment and its biological impacts. This objective is critical if we are to implement a sustained, safe, and affordable human and robotic program to search for evidence of life, understand the history of the solar system, and prepare for future human exploration, a vision established by the Presidential Space Exploration Policy Directive in 2004.

In order to achieve this high-priority objective, the CRaTER investigation team established the following interrelated investigation goals:

- Measure and characterize that aspect of the deep space radiation environment, LET spectra of galactic and solar cosmic rays (particularly above 10 MeV), most critically important to the engineering and modeling communities to assure safe, long-term, human presence in space.
- Develop a novel instrument, steeped in flight heritage, that is simple, compact, and comparatively low-cost, but with a sufficiently large geometric factor needed to measure LET spectra and its time variation, globally, in the lunar orbit.
- Investigate the effects of shielding by measuring LET spectra behind different amounts and types of material, including TEP.
- Test models of the GCR and SPE radiation environments and radiation transport and interactions by comparing predicted and measured GCR and SPE energy spectra (available contemporaneously on ongoing/planned NASA missions) and resulting CRaTER LET spectra.

2.2.2 Radiation

Radiation has a potential effect on a wide variety of life. Beginning with the ionization of atoms and resulting in eventual cell damage, radiation may impact higher-level biological functions. The most critical damage is that which occurs to the genetic material in cells.

At the molecular level, there are four possible effects that radiation may have on humans.

The first group of effects has no negative consequences for higher-level biological functions. Either cells remain undamaged by the radiation (in this case, the ionization of materials in the cell may produce chemical reactions which occur normally in the cell) or cells may be damaged, but not irreparably so. Often, even damage to chromosomes may occur with few long-term effects because the cell is able to detect and repair a limited amount of damage. Even without

radiation dosage, changes and repairs in cells, including chromosomes, occur constantly in our bodies.

The second group of effects is more critical and will most likely have a negative impact on higher-level biological functions. Cells may be damaged and either operate abnormally or die. If enough damage is done and a cell is unable to completely repair itself, it may perform further functions abnormally, including reproduction. This usually occurs when cells are exposed to a lower dose of radiation over an extended period of time (or chronic radiation). It is this kind of exposure that may lead to cancer and genetic effects (problems in offspring), depending on the strength of the dose. With exposure to high-dose, short-term radiation (or acute radiation), damage may occur to the point where a cell is unable to perform any further function, including reproduction, and may even die. On a large enough scale (for example, at the organ level) this kind of damage is likely to cause radiation sickness. Symptoms of radiation sickness include fatigue, nausea, erythema, hair loss, internal bleeding, fever, diarrhea, decreases in musculoskeletal coordination and cognitive function, and possibly coma and death.

2.3 CRaTER Data Sets

CRaTER data and instrument engineering information are packetized into CCSDS-compliant packets once per second and made available to the spacecraft's 1553B command and telemetry system. The data is read by the spacecraft and stored in files on the spacecraft's solid-state recorders. Each CRaTER data file consists of the raw data produced by the instrument (MOC-4 and MOC-5 in Table 7)--a time-ordered series of measurements--prefixed by a 64-byte header created onboard by the spacecraft's data management system.

Table 6 lists the standard product types generated by the CRaTER SOC from the downlinked raw data files.

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|-------|-----|----------|-----------|--------|----------|
| Table | h٠ | Data | Sot Mam | oc and | Contents |
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| Standard Data Product ID | Key/Physical Parameters | NASA Level | COD MAC | Processing Inputs | Product Format |
|--|---|---------------|------------|---|----------------------------|
| CRAT_L0_PRI CRAT_L0_SEC CRAT_L0_HK | Raw CRaTER Experiment Data Record: pulse heights, secondary science, and instrument housekeeping | 0 | 2 | Raw data from LRO MOC as recorded on LRO. | Binary CCSDS Packets |
| CRAT_L1_PRI CRAT_L1_SEC CRAT_L1_HK | CRaTER Calibrated Data Record, split into primary and secondary science data, and housekeeping | 1 | 3 | Level 0 data with pulse heights in keV & housekeeping in engineering units. | ASCII |
| CRAT_L2_PRI CRAT_L2_SEC CRAT_L2_HK | CRaTER Derived Data Record, part 1: LET deposition in silicon. (Pulse heights converted into energy deposited within unit path length through each detector.) | 2 | 3/41 | Level 1 data with pulse heights converted to LET & UTC time tags added to all data records. | ASCII |

 $^{^1}$ The CR_L2_HK and CR_L2_SEC products are CODMAC Level 3, CR_L2_PRI is Level 4.

The Level 0 products, commonly referred to as the Experiment Data Record (EDR), consist of the binary CCSDS packets output by the instrument and stored in the raw data files. The only changes made to these files by during ground processing are:

- removal of duplicate data packets and sorting the remainder in ascending time order;
- sorting and merging of the data packets into files that contain a single packet type and span one 24 hour interval from 0h UTC;
- and updating some file header fields to document the data content and time range.

EDR products are generated for all mission phases during which CRaTER data are acquired.

Level 1 data products differ from Level 0 in three important respects:

- file structures use fixed-length ASCII records;
- detector ADC channel values (ADU) are converted to energy (in keV);
- and housekeeping fields are converted to engineering units (i.e., volts, amps, temperature, etc.).

Level 2 data products include all of the Level 1 data as well as:

- addition of detector output signal value status flags and derived lineal energy transfer (keV/μm) values to the primary science data;
- addition of spacecraft location information to the secondary science data;
- and the addition of spacecraft 28 VDC power bus voltage, current, and power-draw values and instrument boresite pointing status flags to the housekeeping data.

2.3.1 Input Data Files

Table 7 lists the CRaTER data files that are transmitted from the LRO spacecraft to the MOC. These raw data products are described in detail in § 5.2.6.

Table 7: Raw Data Products

| ID | Product | Format | File Name |
|-------|-----------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| MOC-4 | CRaTER Housekeeping Data | CCSDS | CRAT_yyyyddd_nnnnnnn.hk |
| MOC-5 | CRaTER Raw Measurement Data | CCSDS | CART_yyyyddd_nnnnnnn.hk |

Ancillary data files received from the LRO MOC are listed in Table 8 and will be included in the CRaTER EDR archive. The MOC-3 product contains data from other spacecraft systems; the remaining eight MOC and FDF data products are created by the MOC itself.

Table 8: Ancillary Data Products

| ID | Product | Format | File Name |
|--------|------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| MOC-2 | SLCK Clock Correlation | SPICE | LRO_CLKCOR_ <i>yyyyddd</i> _Vvv.tsc |
| MOC-3 | Spacecraft Housekeeping Data | CCSDS | CRAT_SCHK_yyyyddd_nnnnnnn.dat |
| MOC-7 | Daily Command Load Report | ASCII | LROATS_yyyyddd_Vvv.txt |
| MOC-33 | Event Kernel | SPICE | LRO_EvtKer_ <i>yyyyddd</i> _Vvv.txt |

| ID | Product | Format | File Name |
|--------|---|--------|---|
| MOC-40 | Frame Kernels | SPICE | LRO_FRAMES_yyyyddd_Vvv.txt |
| MOC-42 | Definitive Spacecraft Orientation (CK) | SPICE | FDF35_ <i>yyyyddd_yyyyddd</i> _n <i>nn</i> .dsp |
| MOC-46 | CRaTER Housekeeping Summary | ASCII | CRAT_yyyyddd_nnnnnnn_hk.meta |
| MOC-47 | CRaTER Raw Measurement Summary | ASCII | CRAT_yyyyddd_nnnnnnn_sci.meta |
| FDF-29 | Definitive Spacecraft Ephemeris (SPK) | SPICE | FDF29_ <i>yyyyddd_yyyyddd_nnn</i> .dsp |
| NAIF-1 | Planetary and Lunar Ephemeris (SPK) | SPICE | deNNN.bsp |
| NAIF-2 | Leap Second Kernel (LSK) | SPICE | naif <i>NNNN</i> .tls |
| NAIF-3 | Generic Planetary Constants (PCK) | SPICE | pck <i>NNNNN</i> .tpc |
| | Lunar Principal Axis (PA) Reference Frame Orientation (PCK) | SPICE | moon_pa_deNNN_YYYY-YYYY.bpc |
| NAIF-4 | Lunar Frame Kernel (TF) | SPICE | moon_080317.tf |
| | Lunar PA Frame Association Kernel (TF) | SPICE | moon_assoc_pa.tf |

2.4 Pipeline Processing

The products received from the MOC are staged at the CRaTER SOC until all of the necessary inputs are available that relate to a particular 24-hour period, starting and ending at 0h UTC. The Level 0, 1, and 2 products are then generated in a 4-step process, as follows:

- 1. SPICE kernels and CRaTER calibration tables are read.
- 2. All CRaTER raw (see Error! Reference source not found.) and spacecraft housekeeping (Table 8, MOC-3) files are read and, if their time fields fall within the desired 24-hour period (plus a few minutes either side), they are written to a set of 3 temporary files each containing a single packet type: primary science, secondary science, or instrument housekeeping. Garbled telemetry packets are reported.
- 3. The three temporary files are read, sorted into ascending time order, and rewritten. Duplicate packets are dropped after reporting any mis-matches.
- 4. The temporary files are read a second time, gaps are noted, and those packets that fall strictly within the 24-hour period are written out as Level 0 products. At the same time, the Level 1 and 2 product records are created from the corresponding Level 0 records. Level 1 and Level 2 housekeeping records are produced from the raw Level 0 values and the calibration tables, with spacecraft voltage, current and power draw values and instrument boresite pointing information added to the Level 2 data records. The energy and LET fields in the Level 1 and 2 primary science records are created from the calibration tables and from the temperature fields in the temporary housekeeping files. The Level 1 and Level 2 secondary science records are merely the translation into ASCII of their Level 0 equivalents, with spacecraft position information derived from the SPICE kernels added to the Level 2 data records.

Each 24-hour period therefore results in 9 data products (Level 0, 1, and 2 for each primary and secondary science and housekeeping data), and 9 PDS detached label files.

Additionally, 14 files are created and stored in various directories of the CRaTER archive volumes. These files contain indexes of file names and product dates, notes on data quality, and logs containing miscellaneous information. The 14 files include:

- an *index* file containing the product file names and dates, which will be collected in the INDEX.TAB and CUMINDEX.TAB files in the INDEX directory;
- a gap file, which will be collected, according to packet type, in the GAPS_PRI.TAB, GAPS_SEC.TAB, and GAPS_HK.TAB files in the DOCUMENT directory of Level 0 products;
- and a *log* file reporting everything else, which will be found in the DATA subdirectories with the products to which it refers.

Consult § 4 for more detailed information about these files and their locations within the archive.

Nominally once per month CRaTER will be operated in a *Calibration Mode* in which the spacecraft will be rotated to point the instrument towards the Moon's limb. Data collected during this procedure, combined with measurements from CRaTER's *pulser* mode, will be used to update the calibration coefficients used by the pipeline software to convert the raw Level 0 detector values to energy and LET. These calibration changes will be documented in ERRATA.TXT, in MODE_CHANGES.TAB in the DOCUMENT directory, and in the NOTE fields of the PDS label files describing the individual products.

2.5 Scope of this document

The specifications in this SIS apply to all CRaTER Standard Data Record products submitted for archive to the Planetary Data System (PDS), for all phases of the LRO mission. Some sections of this document describe parts of the CRaTER archive and archiving process that are managed by the PDS archive team. These sections have been provided for completeness of information and are not maintained by the CRaTER team.

2.6 Applicable Documents

ISO 9660-1988, Information Processing—Volume and File Structure of CD-ROM for Information Exchange, 04/15/1988.

Planetary Data System Archive Preparation Guide, Version 1.1, JPL D-31224, 08/29/2006.

Planetary Data System Standards Reference, Version 3.7, JPL D-7669, Part 2, 03/20/2006

Planetary Science Data Dictionary Document, Planetary Data System, JPL D-7116, Version 1r65, 02/2007.

Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter Mission Concept of Operations, 431-OPS-000042, 08/12/2005.

Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter Project Data Management and Archive Plan, 431-PLAN-00182.

Detailed Mission Requirements for the Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter Ground System, 431-RQMT-000048, Rev. B, 09/19/2006.

Spacecraft to CRaTER Data Interface Control Document, 431-ICD-000104, Rev. B, 03/30/2007.

External Systems Interface Control Document for the Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter Ground System, 431-ICD-000049, Rev B, 09/16/2008.

CRaTER Science Operations Center Requirements Document, 32-01209, Rev. A, 10/25/2006.

CRaTER Science Team and PDS-PPI Node ICD, 32-01280, Rev. A, 10/27/2006.

CRaTER Information Technology Security Plan, 32-01208, Rev. A, 07/01/2007.

CRaTER Functional Instrument Description and Performance Verification Plan, 32-05002, Rev. 01, 06/20/2006.

CRaTER Calibration Plan, 32-01207, Rev. A, 09/04/2007.

2.7 Audience

This document is intended to be useful to those who wish to understand the format and content of the CRaTER Standard Data Record submitted to the PDS archive. Such users might typically be software engineers, data analysts, or planetary scientists.

3 Archive volume generation

The CRaTER Standard Data Record archive collection is produced by the CRaTER Science Operations Team in cooperation with the PDS Planetary Plasma Interactions (PPI) Node at the University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA). The archive volume creation process described in this section sets out the roles and responsibilities of both these groups. The assignment of tasks has been agreed by both parties, and codified in an ICD (32–01280, see §2.6). Archived data received by the PPI Node from the CRaTER team will be made electronically available to PDS users as soon as practicable but no later than as laid out in Table 9.

3.1 Data transfer methods and delivery schedule

The CRaTER team will deliver data to the PPI Node in standard product packages containing three months of data, also adhering to the schedule set out in Table 9. Each package will comprise both data and ancillary data files organized into directory structures consistent with the volume design described in § 4, and combined into a deliverable file(s) using file archive and compression software. When these files are unpacked at the PPI Node in the appropriate location, the constituent files will be organized into the archive volume structure.

Table 9: Data delivery schedule

| Date | Delivery |
|---|--|
| End of commissioning (2009-09-14) + 6 months | Selected data from cruise and spacecraft commissioning period; the first 3 months of post-commissioning data |
| Every 3 months | Next 3 months of prime-mission data |

The archives will be sent electronically from the CRaTER SOC to a user account on the PPI node using the *ssh* protocol. The SOC operator will copy each volume (see Table 11) in the form of a compressed *tar* archive (a.k.a. *tarball*) to an appropriate location within the PPI file system, and will notify the PPI node via e-mail. Only those files that have changed since the last delivery will be included. The PPI operator will decompress the data, using the *tar* checksums and the EXTRAS/MANIFEST.TXT and EXTRAS/CHECKSUM.TXT files to verify that the archive is complete. Once this has been checked, the PPI operator will send a confirmatory e-mail to the CRaTER team to mark the delivery as "received".

Following receipt of a data delivery, PPI will organize the data into PDS archive volume structure within its online data system. PPI will generate all of the required files associated with a PDS archive volume (index file, read-me files, etc.) as part of its routine processing of incoming CRaTER data. Newly delivered data will be made available publicly through the PPI online system once accompanying labels and other documentation have been validated. It is anticipated that this validation process will require at least fourteen working days from receipt of the data by PPI. The first two data deliveries are expected to require somewhat more time for the PPI Node to process before making the data publicly available.

The LRO prime mission begins ~60 days following launch and lasts 12 months. Table 9 formalizes the data delivery schedule for the entire CRaTER mission, including cruise, commissioning and prime mission phases. Data delivery from SOC to PPI node will occur on the 1st of the month and the data will be publicly available on the 15th of the following month. Archiving of products from any extended mission period will be negotiated with the LRO Project at a later date.

3.2 Data validation

The CRaTER standard data archive volume set will include all CRaTER data acquired during the LRO mission. The archive validation procedure described in this section applies to volumes generated during both the cruise and prime phases of the mission.

PPI node staff will carefully examine the first archive volume that they receive that contains data from the nominal LRO mission to determine whether the archive is appropriate to meet the stated science objectives of the instrument. The PPI node will also review the archive product generation process for robustness and ability to detect discrepancies in the end products; documentation will be reviewed for quality and completeness.

As expertise with the instrument and data develops the CRaTER team may decide that changes to the structure or content of its standard data products are warranted. Should these changes be implemented, the new data product and archive volume will be subjected to a full PDS peer review, and this document will be revised to reflect the modified archive. Table 2 lists the history of all modifications to the archive structure and contents.

Additionally, the CRaTER team may generate and archive special data products that cover specific observations or data-taking activities. This document does not specify how, when, or under what schedule, any such special archive products are generated.

3.3 Data product and archive volume size estimates

CRaTER standard data products are organized into files that span a single Earth day of data acquisition, breaking at 0h UTC. Files vary in size depending on the telemetry rate and allocation. Table 10 summarizes the expected sizes of the CRaTER standard products, assuming an average event rate of 60 per second.

All CRaTER standard data are organized by the PDS team onto a single archive volume covering a time interval governed by the physical capacity of the archive volume media. The data on the volume are organized into one-day subdirectories.

Table 10: Data product size and archive volume production rate

| Data Product | Production rate (approximate) | Size for 1-year primary mission |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Level 0 Science & Housekeeping | 52 MB per day | 19 GB |
| Level 1 Science & Housekeeping | 625 MB per day | 228 GB |
| Level 2 Science & Housekeeping | 1484 MB per day | 541 GB |
| CRaTER Total | 2.0 GB per day | 789 GB |

Following receipt of CRaTER data by the PPI Node it is expected that fourteen working days will be required before the data are made available on PPI web pages. Once sufficient data have accumulated a new archive volume will be created by PPI. It is anticipated that two weeks will be required to produce and validate this new archive volume once the data delivery that fills the volume has been made available online.

3.4 Backups and duplicates

The PPI Node keeps three copies of each archive volume. One copy is the primary archive volume, another is an onsite backup copy, and the final copy is a local, off-site backup copy. The volumes sent by the CRaTER team and the PDS Engineering Node are to be kept by those

institutions. Once the archive volumes are fully validated and approved for inclusion in the archive, a copy of the data is sent to the National Space Science Data Center (NSSDC) for long-term archive in a NASA-approved deep-storage facility. The PPI Node may maintain additional copies of the archive volumes, either on or off-site as deemed necessary.

Figure 1 illustrates the process of duplicating and disseminating the CRaTER standard archive volumes.

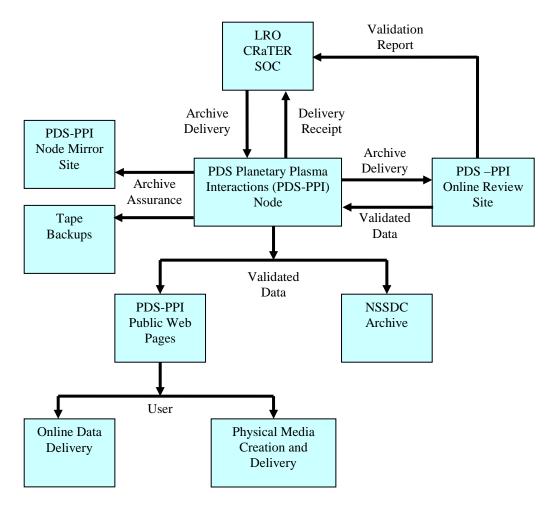


Figure 1: Duplication and dissemination of CRaTER standard archive volumes

3.5 Labeling and identification

Each CRaTER data volume bears a unique volume ID using the last two components of the volume set ID [*PDS Standards Reference*, see §2.6]. For each physical medium, the volume IDs are USA_NASA_PDS_LROCRA_nnnn, where LROCRA is the VOLUME_SET_ID defined by the PDS and *nnnn* is the sequence number of the individual volume. Hence the first CRaTER Level 0 volume has the volume ID LROCRA_0001, as shown in Table 11.

Table 11: PDS Data Set Name Assignments

| Level | DATA_SET_ID | VOLUME_ID |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| CRaTER EDR | LRO-L-CRAT-2-EDR-RAWDATA-V1.0 | LROCRA_0001 |
| CRaTER CDR | LRO-L-CRAT-3-CDR-CALIBRATED-V1.0 | LROCRA_1001 |
| CRaTER DDR-1 | LRO-L-CRAT-3/4-DDR-PROCESSED-V1.0 | LROCRA_2001 |
| CRaTER DDR-2 | LRO-L-CRAT-5-DDR-ACCUMULATED-V1.0 | LROCRA_3001 |
| CRaTER DAP | LRO-L-CRAT-5-DAP-MODELLED-V1.0 | LROCRA_4001 |

4 Archive volume contents

This section describes the contents of the CRaTER standard product archive collection volumes, including the file names, file contents, file types, and the organizations responsible for providing the files. The complete directory structure is shown in Figure 2. All the ancillary files described herein appear on each CRaTER standard product volume, except where noted.

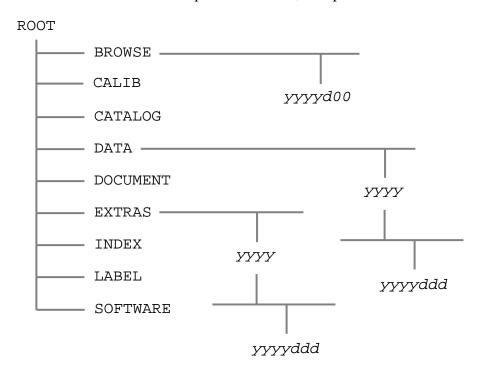


Figure 2: Archive volume directory structure

4.1 Root directory

The files listed in Table 12 are contained in the (top-level) root directory, and are produced by the CRaTER team in consultation with the PPI node of the PDS. With the exception of the hypertext file and its label, all of these files are required by the PDS volume organization standards.

| Table | 12. | Root | directory | contonts |
|-------|-----|------|-----------|----------|
| rame | 14. | NOOL | arrectory | comenis |

| File | Description | Responsibility |
|--------------|---|----------------|
| AAREADME.HTM | HTML version of AAREADME.TXT | CRaTER team |
| AAREADME.LBL | A PDS detached label that describes AAREADME.HTM | CRaTER team |
| AAREADME.TXT | This file completely describes the volume organization and contents (PDS label attached) | CRaTER team |
| ERRATA.TXT | A text file containing a cumulative listing of comments and updates concerning all CRaTER standard products on all CRaTER volumes in the volume set published to date | CRaTER team |
| VOLDESC.CAT | A description of the contents of this volume in a PDS format readable by both humans and computers | CRaTER team |

4.2 BROWSE directory

The BROWSE directory contains daily browse plots of the CRaTER data, split into 100-day intervals (if available). The contents of this directory and its subdirectories are described in Table 13.

Table 13: BROWSE directory contents

| File | Description | Responsibility |
|---------------------|---|----------------|
| BROWINFO.TXT | A description of the contents of this directory | CRaTER team |
| ууууд00 | Subdirectories, each spanning a 100-day interval from yyyyd00 through yyyyd99 | CRaTER team |
| yyyyd00/yyyyddd.PDF | A PDF file containing a plot of the events acquired on day ddd of year yyyy | CRaTER team |
| yyyyd00/yyyyddd.LBL | The PDS label describing the corresponding plot file | CRaTER team |

4.3 CALIB directory

The CALIB directory, which only exists on the Level 1 and 2 archives, contains a copy of the calibration plan and the ancillary data used to calibrate the CRaTER instrument performance. The contents of this directory are described in Table 14.

Table 14: CALIB directory contents

| File | Description | Responsibility |
|-------------------|--|----------------|
| CALINFO.TXT | A description of the contents of this directory | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_CAL_PLAN.HTM | The CRaTER Calibration Plan (HTML format) | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_CAL_PLAN.LBL | PDS label describing multiple formats of the CRaTER Calibration Plan (CRAT_CAL_PLAN.*) and associated graphic files (CALPLANxxx.JPG) | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_CAL_PLAN.PDF | The CRaTER Calibration Plan (Acrobat TM format) | CRaTER team |
| CALPLANxxx.JPG | Images associated with the HTML version of CRaTER Calibration Plan. | CRaTER team |
| *.DAT | Calibration data files in Level 0 format | CRaTER team |
| *.LBL | PDS label describing the corresponding DAT file | CRaTER team |

4.4 CATALOG directory

The files in the CATALOG directory provide a top-level understanding of the LRO mission, spacecraft, instruments, and data sets in the form of completed PDS templates. The information necessary to create the files is provided by the CRaTER team and formatted into standard template formats by the PPI Node. The files in this directory are coordinated with PDS data engineers at both the PPI Node and the PDS Engineering Node.

Table 15: CATALOG directory contents

| File | Description | Responsibility |
|-------------|---|----------------|
| CATINFO.TXT | A description of the contents of this directory | CRaTER team |

| File | Description | Responsibility |
|----------------|--|--------------------------|
| CRAT_INST.CAT | PDS instrument catalog description of the CRaTER instrument | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_LO_DS.CAT | PDS data set catalog description of the CRaTER Level 0 (raw) data files | CRaTER team, PPI Node |
| CRAT_L1_DS.CAT | PDS data set catalog description of the CRaTER Level 1 data files | CRaTER team, PPI Node |
| CRAT_L2_DS.CAT | PDS data set catalog description of the CRaTER Level 2 data files | CRaTER team, PPI Node |
| CRAT_REF.CAT | CRaTER-related references mentioned in other CAT files | CRaTER team |
| INSTHOST.CAT | A description of the LRO spacecraft | LRO Project |
| MISSION.CAT | PDS mission catalog description of the LRO mission | LRO Project |
| PERSON.CAT | PDS personnel catalog description of CRaTER team members and other persons involved with generation of CRaTER standard data products | CRaTER team |
| PROJ_REF.CAT | References mentioned in INSTHOST.CAT and MISSION.CAT | LRO Project |

4.5 DATA directory

4.5.1 Contents

The DATA directory contains the data files produced by the CRaTER team. In the Level 0 archive, these files contain the raw binary instrument data in the form of CCSDS telemetry packets, organized into correct time sequence, time tagged, and edited to remove obviously bad data. In the Level 1 and Level 2 archives, the contents of the DATA directory are ASCII file that result from passing the corresponding Level 0 files through the processing pipeline.

The data files are of the highest quality possible. Any residual issues are documented in AAREADME.TXT and ERRATA.TXT. Users are referred to these files for a detailed description of any outstanding matters associated with the archived data.

Additional files relevant to the data files are located in the EXTRAS directory (see §4.7). These include ancillary information files (engineering, housekeeping) and channelized data files (e.g. spacecraft attitude, status information for CRaTER instrumental subsystems), provided to facilitate data processing and analysis.

Table 16: DATA directory contents

| File | Description | Responsibility |
|--------------|--|----------------|
| DATAINFO.TXT | A description of the contents of this directory | CRaTER team |
| УУУУ | Subdirectories containing CRaTER data acquired in year <i>yyyy</i> . | CRaTER team |

4.5.2 Subdirectory structure

In order to manage files in an archive volume more efficiently the DATA directory is divided into subdirectories. The two levels of division are based on time; data are organized into yearly subdirectories, which are further divided into a number of daily sub-subdirectories. The naming convention for the yearly directories is yyyy, and for the daily directories it is yyyyddd, where ddd is the three-digit day of year. For example, all data for year 2010 are contained below the directory 2010, with data for Jan 1 2010 UTC found in the subdirectory 2010/2010001, and so on.

4.5.3 Required files

A PDS label describes each file in the DATA path of an archive volume. Text documentation files have attached (internal) PDS labels and data files have detached labels. Detached PDS label files have the same root name as the file they describe but have the extension LBL. The format of the data files for each standard data product is constant throughout the archive volume and is described in FMT files located in the LABEL directory (see §4.9).

4.5.4 The yyyy/yyyyddd subdirectory

This directory contains CRaTER data files and their corresponding PDS labels. As shown in Table 17, the data in these files span a time interval of one day, the particular day being identified from both the file name and the name of the parent directory. The names also contain a 2-digit version. The initial version is V01.

| Filename | Description |
|---|---|
| CRAT_yyyyddd_Vnn.LOG.TXT | Pipeline log file (ASCII) |
| CRAT_L0_HK_yyyyddd_Vnn.DAT | CRaTER Level 0 Housekeeping Data |
| CRAT_L1_HK_yyyyddd_Vnn.TAB | CRaTER Level 1 Housekeeping Data |
| CRAT_L2_HK_yyyyddd_Vnn.TAB | CRaTER Level 2 Housekeeping Data |
| CRAT_Ln_HK_yyyyddd_Vnn.LBL | CRaTER Level n Housekeeping Data PDS Label |
| CRAT_L0_PRI_ <i>yyyyddd</i> _V <i>nn</i> .DAT | CRaTER Level 0 Primary Science Data |
| CRAT_L1_PRI_ <i>yyyyddd</i> _V <i>nn</i> .TAB | CRaTER Level 1 Primary Science Data |
| CRAT_L2_PRI_ <i>yyyyddd</i> _V <i>nn</i> .TAB | CRaTER Level 2 Primary Science Data |
| CRAT_Ln_PRI_yyyyddd_Vnn.LBL | CRaTER Level n Primary Science Data PDS Label |
| CRAT_L0_SEC_yyyyddd_Vnn.DAT | CRaTER Level 0 Secondary Science Data |
| CRAT_L1_SEC_yyyyddd_Vnn.TAB | CRaTER Level 1 Secondary Science Data |
| CRAT_L2_SEC_yyyyddd_Vnn.TAB | CRaTER Level 2 Secondary Science Data |
| CRAT_Ln_SEC_yyyyddd_Vnn.LBL | CRaTER Level n Secondary Science Data PDS Label |

Level 0 data file names end in DAT, indicating their binary contents, while the Level 1 and 2 data files, which contain fixed-length ASCII records, end in TAB. Each file is accompanied by a PDS label (LBL) describing its contents, and contain pointers to the relevant format definition files (FMT) in the LABEL directory. The labels permit the contents of most of the products to be browsed by PDS software, e.g., *NASAView*, *tbtool*, etc. The exception is the Level 0 Primary

Science product, since it contains varying-length records that do not comply with PDS standards. This product can instead be listed by programs in the SOFTWARE directory (see §4.10).

4.6 DOCUMENT directory

The DOCUMENT directory contains a range of documentation considered either necessary or useful for users to understand the archive data set. Documents may be included in multiple forms, for example, ASCII, PDF, MS Word, or HTML. PDS standards require that any documentation needed for use of the data be available in an ASCII format. HTML is an acceptable ASCII format in addition to plain text. The following files are contained in the DOCUMENT directory, grouped into the subdirectories shown.

Table 18: DOCUMENT directory contents

| Filename | Description | Responsibility |
|------------------|--|-------------------------|
| DOCINFO.TXT | A description of the contents of this directory | CRaTER team |
| GAPS_HK.LBL | A PDS detached label for GAPS_HK.TXT | CRaTER team PPI Node |
| GAPS_HK.TAB | A cumulative listing of the missing Housekeeping packets up to and including the days for the current volume | CRaTER team |
| GAPS_PRI.LBL | A PDS detached label for GAPS_PRI.TAB | CRaTER team |
| GAPS_PRI.TAB | A cumulative listing of the missing Primary Science packets for the days up to and including the days for the current volume | CRaTER team |
| GAPS_SEC.LBL | A PDS detached label for GAPS_SEC.TAB | CRaTER team |
| GAPS_SEC.TAB | A cumulative listing of the missing Secondary Science packets for the days up to and including the days for the current volume | CRaTER team |
| MODE_CHANGES.LBL | A PDS detached label for MODE_CHANGES.TAB | CRaTER team |
| MODE_CHANGES.TAB | A cumulative listing of instrument mode changes since launch | CRaTER team |
| VOLSIS*.JPG | Graphics files used by VOLSIS.HTM | CRaTER team |
| VOLSIS.HTM | The SIS in HTML format | CRaTER team |
| VOLSIS.LBL | A PDS detached label for the SIS document | CRaTER team |
| VOLSIS.PDF | The SIS in PDF format | CRaTER team |

4.7 EXTRAS directory

The EXTRAS directory contains files which facilitate the use of the archive volume but which are not considered part of the archive itself. At the top level (see Table 19) are the checksum and manifest files that describe the contents of the entire archive volume. The directory is divided into subdirectories in the same manner as the DATA directory. The two levels of division are based on time; data are organized into yearly subdirectories, which are further divided into a number of daily sub-subdirectories. The naming convention for the yearly directories is yyyy, and for the daily directories it is yyyyddd, where ddd is the three-digit day of year. For

example, all data for year 2010 is contained below the directory 2010, with data for Jan 1 2010 UTC found in the subdirectory 2010/2010001, and so on.

Included in the subdirectories (see Table 20) are those SPICE kernels that were used to process the data files. File names are used as received from the LRO MOC and therefore may not conform to PDS conventions. Before reprocessing any CRaTER data, users are advised to check with the PDS NAIF Node for the latest versions of the kernel files.

Besides the subdirectories, the EXTRAS directory may also contain additional files that were not anticipated when the archive structure was defined. These files will be described in INDXINFO.TXT and in the ERRATA.TXT file in the root directory of the archive.

Table 19: EXTRAS subdirectory contents

| Filename | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| INDXINFO.TXT | A description of the contents of this directory |
| CHECKSUM.LBL | A PDS detached label that describes CHECKSUM. TXT |
| CHECKSUM.TXT | A file containing a list of all files on the current volume, along with their MD5 checksums |
| MANIFEST.LBL | A PDS detached label that describes MANIFEST.TXT |
| MANIFEST.TXT | A file containing a list of all files on the current volume |
| de421.bsp | SPICE planetary and lunar ephemeris (SPK) |
| naif0009.tls | SPICE leap second kernel (LSK) |
| pck00008.tpc | SPICE generic planetary constants (PCK) |
| moon_pa_de421_1900-2050.bpc | SPICE lunar principal axis (PA) reference frame orientation kernel (PCK) |
| moon_080317.tf | SPICE lunar frame kernel (TF) |
| moon_assoc_pa.tf | SPICE lunar PA frame association kernel (TF) |
| lro_clkcor_yyyyddd_vnn.tcs | LRO SPICE spacecraft clock correlation (SLCK) |
| lro_frames_2009168_v01.tf | LRO SPICE spacecraft frame kernel (FK) |
| УУУУ | Directories containing files relevant to year yyyy. |

Table 20: EXTRAS/yyyy/yyyyddd subdirectory contents

| Filename | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| CRAT_SC_yyyyddd_nnnnnnn.hk | Spacecraft Housekeeping Data |
| SC_yyyyddd_hhmm_B_Vnn.txt | Daily Command Load Report |
| moc42_yyyyddd_yyyyddd_vnn.bc | Definitive Spacecraft Orientation (CK) |
| CRAT_yyyyddd_nnnnnnn_hk.meta | CRaTER Housekeeping Summary |
| CRAT_yyyyddd_nnnnnnn_sci.meta | CRaTER Raw Measurement Summary |
| fdf29_yyyyddd_yyyyddd_bnn.bsp | Definitive Spacecraft Ephemeris (SPK) |

4.8 INDEX directory

The INDEX. TAB file contains a listing of all data products on the archive volume. The index (INDEX. TAB) and index information (INDXINFO. TXT) files are required by the PDS volume

standards. The format of these ASCII files is described in §5.2.5. An online and web-accessible index file will be available at the PPI Node while data volumes are being produced.

Table 21: INDEX directory contents

| File | Description | Responsibility |
|--------------|---|----------------|
| INDXINFO.TXT | A description of the contents of this directory | CRaTER team |
| INDEX.LBL | A PDS detached label that describes INDEX.TAB | CRaTER team |
| INDEX.TAB | A table listing all CRaTER data products on this volume | CRaTER team |

4.9 LABEL directory

The LABEL directory contains format files (* . FMT) that describe the contents of the CRaTER files in the DATA subdirectories. They are themselves described by a LABINFO.TXT file.

Table 22: LABEL directory contents

| File | Description | Responsibility |
|-----------------|---|----------------|
| CRAT_LO_HDR.FMT | Bit-level description of Level 0 packet headers | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_LO_HK.FMT | Bit-level description of Level 0 housekeeping records | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_LO_PRI.FMT | Bit-level description of Level 0 primary science records | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_LO_SEC.FMT | Bit-level description of Level 0 secondary science records | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_L1_HK.FMT | Byte-level description of Level 1 housekeeping records | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_L1_PRI.FMT | Byte-level description of Level 1 primary science records | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_L1_SEC.FMT | Byte-level description of Level 1 secondary science records | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_L2_HK.FMT | Byte-level description of Level 2 housekeeping records | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_L2_PRI.FMT | Byte-level description of Level 2 primary science records | CRaTER team |
| CRAT_L2_SEC.FMT | Byte-level description of Level 2 secondary science records | CRaTER team |
| LABINFO.TXT | A description of the contents of this directory | CRaTER team |
| LROHDR.FMT | Bit-level description of 64-byte Level 0 file headers | CRaTER team |

These files are used by several PDS software tools, e.g., *NASAView, tbtool*, etc., to browse the data products through their PDS labels. This is not true, however, for the Level 0 Primary Science product, since it contains varying-length records that cannot be defined by the PDS Object Definition Language used by the FMT files. The CRAT_L0_PRI.FMT file therefore contains a description of a maximum-length record (12-byte header followed by 432-byte data array), which may be useful to some future software development. Meanwhile, PERL and C++ code that can access all CRaTER products are located in the SOFTWARE directory (see CRATLIST.CPP and CRATLIST.PL).

4.10 SOFTWARE directory

The SOFTWARE directory (see Table 23) contains source code for software useful for reading and writing CRaTER Level 0, 1, and 2 data files. Since this software was developed exclusively at MIT and BU, and relates only to the manipulation of scientific data, it is in the public domain and exempt from export regulations.

Table 23: SOFTWARE directory contents

| File | Description | Responsibility |
|-------------------|--|----------------|
| SOFTINFO.TXT | A description of the contents of this directory | CRaTER team |
| CRATLIST.CPP | C++ source code that, when compiled and linked with the CRaTER object library, lists the contents of CRaTER Level 0 data files | CRaTER team |
| CRATLIST.DAT | Calibration data used by CRATLIST.PL | CRaTER team |
| CRATLIST.PL | PERL program to list the contents of CRaTER Level 0 data files | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LIB.CPP | C++ functions to support the CRaTER object library | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LIB.H | C++ header file defining the CRaTER object library | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LIB.HTM | Description of CRATER_LIB routines in HTML format | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LIB.LBL | PDS label file describing CRATER_LIB.PDF | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LIB.MAN | Description of CRATER_LIB routines in <i>roff</i> format | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LIB.PDF | Manual describing the CRaTER object library | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LO_LIB.CPP | C++ object library to read CRaTER Level 0 files | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LO_LIB.H | C++ header file defining CRaTER Level 0 record formats and input classes | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LO_LIB.HTM | Description of CRATER_L0_LIB (HTML format) | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LO_LIB.MAN | Description of CRATER_L0_LIB (roff format) | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LO_OUT.CPP | C++ object library to write CRaTER Level 0 files | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_L0_OUT.H | C++ header file defining CRaTER Level 0 output classes | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LO_OUT.HTM | Description of CRATER_L0_OUT (HTML format) | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_LO_OUT.MAN | Description of CRATER_L0_OUT (roff format) | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_I1_LIB.CPP | C++ object library to manipulate CRaTER Level 1 files | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_L1_LIB.H | C++ header file defining CRaTER Level 1 record formats and classes | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_L1_LIB.HTM | Description of CRATER_L1_LIB (HTML format) | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_L1_LIB.MAN | Description of CRATER_L1_LIB (roff format) | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_L2_LIB.CPP | C++ object library to manipulate CRaTER Level 2 files | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_L2_LIB.H | C++ header file defining CRaTER Level 2 record formats and classes | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_L2_LIB.HTM | Description of CRATER_L2_LIB (HTML format) | CRaTER team |
| CRATER_L2_LIB.MAN | Description of CRATER_L2_LIB (roff format) | CRaTER team |

5 Archive volume format

This section describes the format of CRaTER standard archive volumes. Data that comprise the CRaTER standard product archives will be formatted in accordance with PDS specifications [see *Planetary Science Data Dictionary*, *PDS Archiving Guide*, and *PDS Standards Reference* in §2.6].

5.1 Volume format

Although the CRaTER team does not control the volume format to be used by the PDS, it is necessary to define the format in which the data sets are to be transmitted via network from the SOC to the PPI node. This will be in the form of compressed *tar* archives, as created by the open source *gtar* program. Pathnames, in lower-case letters only, will be relative to the ROOT directory, e.g., "./data", "./index", etc.

5.2 File formats

The following section describes file formats for the kinds of files contained on archive volumes. For more information, see the *PDS Archive Preparation Guide* [see §2.6].

5.2.1 Document files

Document files with a TXT extension exist in nearly all directories. They are ASCII files with embedded PDS labels. All ASCII document files contain 80-byte fixed-length records; records are terminated with a carriage return (ASCII 13) and line feed character (ASCII 10) in the 79th and 80th byte, respectively. This format allows the files to be read by many operating systems, *e.g.*, UNIX, MacOSX, Windows, etc.

In general, documents are provided in ASCII text format. However, some documents in the DOCUMENT directory contain formatting and figures that cannot be rendered as ASCII text. Hence these documents are also given in additional formats such as hypertext, Microsoft Word, and Adobe Acrobat (PDF). Hypertext files contain ASCII text plus hypertext mark-up language (HTML) commands that enable them to be viewed in a web browser such as *Mozilla Firefox* or MS Internet Explorer. Hypertext documents may reference ancillary files, such as images, that are incorporated into the document by the web browser.

5.2.2 Tabular files

Tabular files (TAB extension) exist in the DATA and INDEX directories. Tabular files are ASCII files formatted for direct reading into database management systems on various computers. Columns are fixed length, separated by commas or white space, and character fields are enclosed in double quotation marks ("). Character fields are padded with spaces to keep quotation marks in the same columns of successive records. Character fields are left justified, and numeric fields are right justified. The "start byte" and "bytes" values listed in the labels do not include the commas between fields or the quotation marks surrounding character fields. The records are of fixed length, and the last two bytes of each record contain the ASCII carriage return and line feed characters. This line format allows a table to be treated as a fixed length record file on computers that support this file type and as a text file with embedded line delimiters on those that don't support it.

Detached PDS label files will describe all tabular files. A detached label file has the same name as the data file it describes, but with the extension LBL. For example, the file INDEX.TAB is accompanied by the detached label file INDEX.LBL in the same directory.

5.2.3 PDS labels

All data files in the CRaTER Standard Product Archive Collection have associated detached PDS labels [see the *Planetary Science Data Dictionary* and the *PDS Standards Reference* in §2.6]. These label files are named using the same prefix as the data file together with an LBL extension.

A PDS label, whether embedded or detached from its associated file, provides descriptive information about the associated file. The PDS label is an object-oriented structure consisting of sets of "keyword = value" declarations. The object that the label refers to (e.g. IMAGE, TABLE, etc.) is denoted by a statement of the form:

```
^object = location
```

in which the carat character (^, also called a pointer in this context) indicates where to find the object. In a PDS label, the location denotes the name of the file containing the object, along with the starting record or byte number, if there is more than one object in the file. For example:

```
^HEADER = ("98118.TAB", 1)
^TABLE = ("98118.TAB", 1025 <BYTES>)
```

indicates that the HEADER object begins at record 1 and that the TABLE object begins at byte 1025 of the file 98118. TAB. The file 98118. TAB must be located in the same directory as the detached label file.

Below is a list of the possible formats for the ^object definition in labels in this product.

```
^object = n
^object = n <BYTES>
^object = "filename.ext"
^object = ("filename.ext", n)
^object = ("filename.ext", n <BYTES>)
```

where

- *n* is the starting record or byte number of the object, counting from the beginning of the file (record 1, byte 1),
- <BYTES> indicates that the number given is in units of bytes (the default is records),
- filename is the up-to-27-character, alphanumeric upper-case file name,
- ext is the up-to-3-character upper-case file extension,
- and all detached labels contain ASCII records that terminate with a carriage return followed by a line feed (13₁₀, 10₁₀). This allows the files to be read by most computer operating systems, e.g., UNIX, MacOS, MSWindows, etc.

Examples of PDS labels required for the CRaTER archive are shown in Appendix B.

5.2.4 Catalog files

Catalog files (extension CAT) exist in the Root and CATALOG directories. They are plain text files formatted in an object-oriented structure consisting of sets of "keyword = value" declarations.

5.2.5 Index files

The PDS team provides PDS index files. The format of these files is described in this SIS document for completeness.

A PDS index table contains a listing of all data products on an archive volume. When a data product is described by a detached PDS label, the index file points to the label file, which in turn points to the data file. When a data product is described by an attached PDS label, the index file points directly to the data product. A PDS index is an ASCII table composed of required columns and optional columns (user defined). When values are constant across an entire volume, it is permissible to promote the value out of the table and into the PDS label for the index table.

To facilitate users' searches of the CRaTER data submission, a few optional columns will be included in the index table. In particular, the file start and stop times will be included. Table 24 contains a description of the CRaTER archive volume index files. Index files are by definition fixed length ASCII files containing comma-delimited fields. Character strings are quoted using double quotes, and left justified in their field, followed where necessary by trailing blanks. The "Start Byte" column gives the location of the first byte (counting from 1) of the column within the file, skipping over delimiters and quotation marks.

Table 24: Format of index files

| There 21. 1 of mar of maesignes | Ctout | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-------|--|
| Column Name | Start Byte | Bytes | Description |
| FILE_NAME | 2 | 31 | name of product file within DATA/yyyyddd directory |
| PATH_NAME | 36 | 50 | full path (relative to archive volume root) and name to product's PDS label file |
| START_TIME | 88 | 23 | time (UTC) of first record in data file |
| STOP_TIME | 112 | 23 | time (UTC) of last record in data file |
| STANDARD_DATA_PRODUCT_ID | 137 | 12 | type of data file (see Table 6) |
| DATA_SET_ID | 152 | 40 | PDS ID of data set of which file is member (see Table 11) |
| PRODUCT_CREATION_DATE | 195 | 10 | date product delivered to PDS |

5.2.6 Level 0 data files

As described in Section 2.3.1, the raw instrument data consist of three data packet types, recorded onboard in two files: one containing primary science packets, the other containing secondary science and housekeeping packets. During ground processing, these files are sorted into three sets of Level 0 files, one for each packet type. Each file begins with a 64-byte header, described in Table 25, followed by one or more data records as described in Table 26 to Table 28. Each record begins with a 12-byte header described in Table 29. All fields are to be interpreted as unsigned integers with their most significant bits recorded in the lowest byte offset, except *FileName*, which is a null-terminated array of ASCII characters.

Table 25: Format of Level 0 binary file header records

| Byte | Bit | Length (bits) | Name | Description |
|------|-----|---------------|-----------------|---|
| 0 | 0 | 32 | FileID | numerical file identifier (200 = primary science, 201 = housekeeping, 202 = secondary science) |
| 4 | 32 | 32 | Spare | spare |
| 8 | 64 | 32 | StartTimeSec | S/C time (elapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC) of first record |
| 12 | 96 | 32 | StartTimeSubSec | S/C fractional time (LSB = 2^{-32} sec) of first record |
| 16 | 128 | 32 | StopTimeSec | S/C time (elapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC) of last record |
| 20 | 160 | 32 | StopTimeSubSec | S/C fractional time (LSB = 2^{-32} sec) of last record |
| 24 | 192 | 320 | FileName | product file name, right-padded with NULs, <i>e.g.</i> , "CRAT_L0_PRI_ <i>yyyyyyy_vnn</i> .DAT" |

Table 26: Format of Level 0 primary science data file records

| Byte | Bit | Length (bits) Name | | RIT S Nama Haccrintian | | Description |
|------|-----|--------------------|------------------------------|--|--|-------------|
| 0 | 0 | 96 | Header | primary & secondary headers, ApId=120 (see Table 29) | | |
| 12 | 96 | n*6*12 | <i>Event</i> [<i>n</i>][6] | signals from detectors 1 to 6 from n single events $(0 \le n \le 48)$; varying length records, length recorded in <i>PacketLength</i> field of <i>Header</i> structure (Table 29) | | |

Table 27: Format of Level 0 secondary science data file records

| Byte | Bit | Length (bits) | Name | Description |
|------|-----|---------------|--------------|---|
| 0 | 0 | 96 | Header | primary & secondary headers, ApId=121 (see Table 29) |
| 12 | 96 | 1 | BiasCntrl | detector bias delayed control flag (1 = enabled) |
| 12 | 97 | 1 | BiasCmd | detector bias voltage flag $(1 = on)$ |
| 12 | 98 | 1 | CalLow | internal calibration pulser—low range flag (1 = enabled) |
| 12 | 99 | 1 | CalHigh | internal calibration pulser—high range flag (1 = enabled) |
| 12 | 100 | 1 | CalRate | internal calibration pulser pulse rate flag |
| | | | | (1 = 1953 Hz; 0 = 8 Hz) |
| 12 | 101 | 6*1 | ProcDFlag[6] | detector processing flag (1 = enabled) |
| 13 | 102 | 5 | LastCmd | address of last command to CRaTER |

| 14 | 112 | 16 | LastValue | contents of last command to CRaTER | |
|----|-----|------|-----------|---|--|
| 16 | 128 | 16 | DiscThin | LLD monitorthin detectors (D1, D3, D5) | |
| 18 | 144 | 16 | DiscThick | LLD monitorthick detectors (D2, D4, D6) | |
| 20 | 160 | 64*1 | Mask[64] | detector coincidence accept mask | |
| 28 | 224 | 6*16 | Single[6] | detector singles counters (D1 to D6) | |
| 40 | 320 | 16 | Good | good events counter | |
| 42 | 336 | 16 | Reject | rejected events counter | |
| 44 | 352 | 16 | Total | total events counter | |

Table 28: Format of Level 0 housekeeping data file records

| Byte | Length (bits) | Name | Description | Units [†] | | |
|------|---------------|----------------|---|--|--|--|
| 0 | 96 | Header | primary & secondary headers, ApId | l = 122 (see Table 29) | | |
| 12 | 4 | FPGA_SN | FPGA revision code | | | |
| 12 | 12 | undefined | undefined—skip over the 12 bits | | | |
| 14 | 16 | V5digital | +5 VDC digital regulated voltage | 0.00200*DN (V) | | |
| 16 | 4 | VAnalog_Err | 0 = analog power on 15= analog power off, remaining ho | ousekeeping fields invalid | | |
| 16 | 12 | V5plus | +5 VDC analog regulated voltage | 0.00200*DN (V) | | |
| 18 | 16 | V5neg | -5 VDC analog regulated voltage | 0.00201*DN (V) | | |
| 20 | 16 | undefined | undefined—skip over the 16 bits | | | |
| 22 | 6*16 | BiasCurrent[6] | detector bias current monitors | 0.00050*DN (μA) | | |
| 34 | 16 | BiasVoltThin | bias voltage monitorthin detector (D1, D3, D5) | 0.101*DN (V) | | |
| 36 | 16 | BiasVoltthick | bias voltage monitorthick detector (D2, D4, D6) | 0.101*DN (V) | | |
| 38 | 16 | CalAmp | internal calibration pulser pulse amplitude monitor | 0.00100*DN (V) | | |
| 40 | 16 | LLDThin | LLD amplitude monitorthin detectors (D1, D3, D5) | 0.00124*DN – 0.124 (V) | | |
| 42 | 16 | LLDThick | LLD amplitude monitorthick detectors (D2, D4, D6) | 0.00124*DN – 0.124 (V) | | |
| 44 | 16 | Ttelescope | temperature monitortelescope assembly | 0.2* <i>V5plus</i> – 0.100*DN – 273.2 (°C) | | |
| 46 | 16 | Tanalog | temperature monitoranalog electronics board | 0.2* <i>V5plus</i> – 0.100*DN – 273.2 (°C) | | |
| 48 | 16 | Tdigital | temperature monitordigital electronics board | 0.2* <i>V5plus</i> – 0.100*DN – 273.2 (°C) | | |
| 50 | 16 | Tpower | temperature monitorpower supply | 0.2* <i>V5plus</i> – 0.100*DN – 273.2 (°C) | | |
| 52 | 16 | Tref | temperature monitor—telescope housing reference location 0.2*V5plus – 0.100*DN 273.2 (°C) | | | |
| 54 | 16 | RadHighSens | radiation monitor amplitude— high sensitivity 0.00000125*DN (Rads) | | | |

| 56 | 16 | RadMedSens | radiation monitor amplitude— medium sensitivity | 0.000320*DN (Rads) |
|----|----|------------|--|--|
| 58 | 16 | RadLowSens | radiation monitor amplitude—low sensitivity | 0.08192*DN (Rads) |
| 60 | 16 | Tprt | temperature monitor—instrument chassis reference location (ground test only) | 0.1299*(4*DN-10000)/ (5-DN/1000) (°C) |
| 62 | 16 | Purge | GN2 purge flow rate monitor (ground test only) | DN-0.371* <i>V5plus</i> + 19*(<i>Tref</i> -20) (CuFt/Hr) |

[†] where "DN" is the unsigned integer value of the current field, *V5plus* is the value of the *V5plus* field converted to Volts, and *Tref* is the telescope wall temperature in °C. These relations between raw DN values and "engineering" units are only approximate. More accurate algorithms are used during pipeline processing to create Level 1 and 2 housekeeping products.

Table 29: Format of Level 0 record header structure

| Byte | Bit | Length (bits) | Name | Description |
|------|-----|---------------|--------------|--|
| 0 | 0 | 3 | Version | CCSDS version number |
| 0 | 3 | 1 | PacketType | packet type |
| 1 | 4 | 1 | SecHdrFlag | secondary header flag (1 = secondary header follows, bytes 6–11) |
| 1 | 5 | 11 | ApId | application process identifier (120 = primary science, 121= secondary science, 122 = housekeeping) |
| 2 | 16 | 2 | SegFlags | packet segmentation flag (3 = no segmentation) |
| 2 | 18 | 14 | SeqCount | source sequence count (separate for each ApId) |
| 4 | 32 | 16 | PacketLength | packet length (# bytes following primary header – 1) |
| 6 | 48 | 1 | Reserved1 | reserved (value = 0) |
| 6 | 49 | 31 | Time | spacecraft timeelapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC) |
| 10 | 80 | 4 | FracTime | spacecraft time—fractional second |
| 10 | 84 | 5 | Reserved2 | reserved (value = 0) |
| 11 | 89 | 1 | TestFlag | test mode flag (1 = test enabled) |
| 11 | 90 | 1 | OneHertz | external 1-Hz time sync pulse flag (1 = not received) |
| 11 | 91 | 5 | SerialNumber | instrument serial number |

5.2.7 Level 1 data files

Level 1 data files contain the same information as their Level 0 counterparts, but translated into ASCII characters, with one addition: the primary science records contain the detector event energies converted to electron volts, alongside the raw count values from the Level 0 files. There are no header records and the format of the fixed-length, comma delimited, data records are shown in Table 30 to Table 32. The first column contains the byte offset of the start of the data field, and the second column lists the length of the field in bytes. Some fields contain multiple elements, denoted by the number within parentheses in column 3. The byte offset from the beginning of the record to the start of the n'th element is therefore $Col_1+(n-1)*(Col_2+1)$, where allowance has been made for the comma that follows every element.

Table 30: Format of Level 1 primary science data file records

| Byte | Length (bytes) | Name | Fmt* | Units | Description |
|------|----------------|-----------------|------------|---------|--|
| 0 | 9 | Seconds | I9 | Secs | spacecraft timeelapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC) |
| 10 | 2 | Fract | I2 | Sec/100 | spacecraft time—fractional second |
| 13 | 6 | Index | I 6 | N/A | index of event within current second |
| 20 | 4 | <i>Ampl</i> [6] | I 4 | N/A | PHA output amplitude detectors D1 to D6 |
| 50 | 10 | Energy[6] | E10.4 | keV | energy deposited in detectors D1 to D6 |

Table 31: Format of Level 1 secondary science data file records

| Byte | Length (bytes) | Name | Fmt* | Units | Description |
|------|----------------|--------------|------|---------|--|
| 0 | 9 | Seconds | I9 | Secs | spacecraft timeelapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC) |
| 10 | 2 | Fract | I2 | Sec/100 | spacecraft time—fractional second |
| 13 | 1 | BiasCntrl | I1 | N/A | detector bias delayed control flag (1 = enabled) |
| 15 | 1 | BiasCmd | I1 | N/A | detector bias voltage flag (1 = on) |
| 17 | 1 | CalLow | I1 | N/A | internal calibration pulser flag—low range (1 = enabled) |
| 19 | 1 | CalHigh | I1 | N/A | internal calibration pulser flag—high range (1 = enabled) |
| 21 | 1 | CalRate | I1 | N/A | internal calibration pulser pulse rate flag (1 = 1953 Hz, 0 = 8 Hz) |
| 23 | 1 | ProcDFlag[6] | I1 | N/A | detector processing flag (1 = enabled) |
| 35 | 5 | LastCmd | I5 | N/A | address of last command to CRaTER |
| 41 | 5 | LastValue | I5 | N/A | contents of last command to CRaTER |
| 47 | 5 | DiscThin | I5 | N/A | LLD setting—thin detectors (D1, D3, D5) |
| 53 | 5 | DiscThick | I5 | N/A | LLD settingthick detectors (D2, D4, D6) |
| 59 | 10 | Mask[2] | I10 | N/A | detector coincidence accept mask |
| 81 | 5 | Single[6] | I5 | N/A | detector singles counter (D1 to D6) |
| 117 | 5 | Good | I5 | N/A | good events counter |
| 123 | 5 | Reject | I5 | N/A | rejected events counter |
| 129 | 5 | Total | I5 | N/A | total events counter |

Table 32: Format of Level 1 housekeeping data file records

| Byte | Length (bytes) | Name | Fmt* | Units | Description |
|------|----------------|----------------|-------|---------|---|
| 0 | 9 | Seconds | I9 | Secs | spacecraft timeelapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC) |
| 10 | 2 | Fract | I2 | Sec/100 | spacecraft time—fractional second |
| 13 | 7 | V5digital | F7.3 | Volts | +5VDC digital regulated voltage |
| 21 | 2 | VAnalog_Err | I2 | N/A | 0 = analog power on 15= analog power off, remaining housekeeping fields invalid |
| 24 | 7 | V5plus | F7.3 | Volts | +5VDC analog regulated voltage |
| 32 | 7 | V5neg | F7.3 | Volts | -5VDC analog regulated voltage |
| 40 | 7 | BiasCurrent[6] | F7.3 | μAmps | detector bias currents |
| 88 | 7 | BiasVoltThin | F7.3 | Volts | bias voltagethin detectors (D1, D3, D5) |
| 96 | 7 | BiasVoltthick | F7.3 | Volts | bias voltagethick detector (D2, D4, D6) |
| 104 | 7 | CalAmp | F7.3 | Volts | internal calibration pulser pulse amplitude |
| 112 | 7 | LLDThin | F7.3 | Volts | LLD signal thresholdthin detectors (D1, D3, D5) |
| 120 | 7 | LLDThick | F7.3 | Volts | LLD signal thresholdthick detectors (D2, D4, D6) |
| 128 | 7 | Ttelescope | F7.2 | °C | temperaturetelescope assembly |
| 136 | 7 | Tanalog | F7.2 | °C | temperatureanalog electronics board |
| 144 | 7 | Tdigital | F7.2 | °C | temperaturedigital electronics board |
| 152 | 7 | Tpower | F7.2 | °C | temperaturepower supply |
| 160 | 7 | Tref | F7.2 | °C | temperature—telescope housing reference location |
| 168 | 10 | RadHighSens | E10.4 | Rads | radiation monitor integrated dose—high sensitivity |
| 179 | 10 | RadMedSens | E10.4 | Rads | radiation monitor integrated dose—medium sensitivity |
| 190 | 10 | RadLowSens | E10.4 | Rads | radiation monitor integrated dose—low sensitivity |

^{*} The external representation of the field value as it would appear in a Fortran FORMAT statement.

5.2.8 Level 2 data files

Level 2 data files contain the same information as their Level 1 counterparts, with the following additions: (a) the LET of each detector event to the primary science records, (b) LRO spacecraft position information to the secondary science records, and (c) spacecraft 28VDC bus voltage, current, and power-draw (proxy for the CRaTER 28VDC voltage and current monitor values) and instrument boresite direction status flags to the housekeeping records. There are no header records and the format of the fixed-length, comma delimited, data records are shown in Table 33 to Table 35. The first column contains the byte offset of the start of the data field, and the second column lists the length of the field in bytes. Some fields contain multiple elements, denoted by the number within parentheses in column 3. The byte offset from the beginning of

the record to the start of the n'th element is therefore $Col_1+(n-1)*(Col_2+1)$, where allowance has been made for the comma that follows every element.

Table 33: Format of Level 2 primary science data file records

| Byte | Length (bytes) | Name | Fmt* | Units | Description |
|------|----------------|-------------------|-------|---------|--|
| 0 | 9 | Seconds | 19 | Secs | spacecraft timeelapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC) |
| 10 | 2 | Fract | I2 | Sec/100 | spacecraft time—fractional second |
| 14 | 19 | Time | A19 | N/A | spacecraft time—UTC (yyyy-dd-mmThh:mm:ss) |
| 35 | 6 | Index | I6 | N/A | index of event within current second |
| 42 | 4 | Ampl[6] | I4 | N/A | PHA output amplitude detectors D1 to D6 |
| 72 | 10 | Energy[6] | E10.4 | keV | energy deposited in detectors D1 to D6 |
| 138 | 10 | <i>LET</i> [6] | E10.4 | keV/µm | LET(Si) in detectors D1 to D6 |
| 204 | 10 | DQI | E10.4 | N/A | data quality indicator |
| 215 | 1 | MaxSigFlags [6] | I1 | N.A | D1D6 signal near saturation flags (1 = true) |
| 227 | 1 | GTLLDFlags [6] | I1 | N.A | D1D6 signal exceeds LLD threshold flags (1 = true) |

Table 34: Format of Level 2 secondary science data file records

| Table 34: Format of Level 2 secondary science data file records | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------|------|---------|--|--|
| Byte | Length (bytes) | Name | Fmt* | Units | Description | |
| 0 | 9 | Seconds | I9 | Secs | spacecraft timeelapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC) | |
| 10 | 2 | Fract | I2 | Sec/100 | spacecraft time—fractional second | |
| 14 | 19 | Time | A19 | N/A | spacecraft time—UTC (yyyy-dd-mmThh:mm:ss) | |
| 35 | 1 | BiasCntrl | I1 | N/A | detector bias delayed control flag (1 = enabled) | |
| 37 | 1 | BiasCmd | I1 | N/A | detector bias voltage flag (1 = on) | |
| 39 | 1 | CalLow | I1 | N/A | internal calibration pulser flag—low range (1 = enabled) | |
| 41 | 1 | CalHigh | I1 | N/A | internal calibration pulser flag—high range (1 = enabled) | |
| 43 | 1 | CalRate | I1 | N/A | internal calibration pulser pulse rate flag (1 = 1953 Hz, 0 = 8 Hz) | |
| 45 | 1 | ProcDFlag[6] | I1 | N/A | detector processing flag (1 = enabled) | |
| 57 | 5 | LastCmd | I5 | N/A | address of last command to CRaTER | |
| 63 | 5 | LastValue | I5 | N/A | contents of last command to CRaTER | |
| 69 | 5 | DiscThin | I5 | N/A | LLD setting—thin detectors (D1, D3, D5) | |
| 75 | 5 | DiscThick | I5 | N/A | LLD settingthick detectors (D2, D4, D6) | |
| 81 | 10 | Mask[2] | I10 | N/A | detector coincidence accept mask | |
| 103 | 5 | Single[6] | I5 | N/A | detector singles counter (D1 to D6) | |
| 139 | 5 | Good | I5 | N/A | good events counter | |
| 145 | 5 | Reject | I5 | N/A | rejected events counter | |
| 151 | 5 | Total | I5 | N/A | total events counter | |

| 157 | 11 | SpacecraftVec | E11.4 | Km | Moon-to-spacecraft vector (MOON_ME) |
|-----|----|---------------|-------|----|-------------------------------------|
| | | [3] | | | |

Table 35: Format of Level 2 housekeeping data file records

| Byte | Length (bytes) | Name | Fmt* | Units | Description | |
|------|----------------|--------------------|-------|----------------|---|--|
| 0 | 9 | Seconds | I9 | Secs | spacecraft timeelapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC) | |
| 10 | 2 | Fract | I2 | Sec/100 | spacecraft time—fractional second | |
| 14 | 19 | Time | A19 | N/A | spacecraft time—UTC (yyyy-dd-mmThh:mm:ss) | |
| 35 | 7 | V28bus | F7.3 | Volts | spacecraft 28VDC power bus voltage | |
| 43 | 7 | V5digital | F7.3 | Volts | +5VDC digital regulated voltage | |
| 51 | 2 | VAnalog_Err | I2 | N/A | 0 = analog power on 15= analog power off, remaining housekeeping fields invalid | |
| 54 | 7 | V5plus | F7.3 | Volts | +5VDC analog regulated voltage | |
| 62 | 7 | V5neg | F7.3 | Volts | -5VDC analog regulated voltage | |
| 70 | 7 | I28bus | F7.3 | Amps | CRaTER current draw from spacecraft 28VDC power bus | |
| 78 | 7 | P28bus | F7.3 | Watts | CRaTER power draw from spacecraft 28VDC power bus (<i>V28bus*I28bus</i>) | |
| 86 | 7 | BiasCurrent [6] | F7.3 | Micro- Amps | detector bias currents | |
| 134 | 7 | Bias Volt Thin | F7.3 | Volts | bias voltagethin detectors (D1, D3, D5) | |
| 142 | 7 | BiasVolTthick | F7.3 | Volts | bias voltagethick detector (D2, D4, D6) | |
| 150 | 7 | CalAmp | F7.3 | Volts | internal calibration pulser pulse amplitude | |
| 158 | 7 | LLDThin | F7.3 | V | LLD signal thresholdthin detectors (D1, D3, D5) | |
| 166 | 7 | LLDThick | F7.3 | V | LLD signal thresholdthick detectors (D2, D4, D6) | |
| 174 | 7 | Ttelescope | F7.2 | °C | temperaturetelescope assembly | |
| 182 | 7 | Tanalog | F7.2 | °C | temperatureanalog electronics board | |
| 190 | 7 | Tdigital | F7.2 | °C | temperaturedigital electronics board | |
| 198 | 7 | Tpower | F7.2 | °C | temperaturepower supply | |
| 206 | 7 | Tref | F7.2 | °C | temperature—telescope housing reference location | |
| 214 | 10 | RadHighSens | E10.4 | Rads | radiation dose monitor integrated dose— high sensitivity | |
| 225 | 10 | RadMedSens | E10.4 | Rads | radiation dose monitor integrated dose— medium sensitivity | |
| 236 | 10 | RadLowSens | E10.4 | Rads | radiation dose monitor integrated dose— low sensitivity | |
| 247 | 10 | Radtotal | E10.4 | Rads | radiation dose monitor—total integrated dose | |
| 258 | 10 | BiasEnergy[6] | E10.4 | keV | detector LLD deposited energy thresholds | |
| 324 | 1 | OffMoonFlag | I1 | N/A | instrument boresite points off lunar surface flag (1 = does not intercept surface) | |

| 326 | 1 | EclipseFlag | I1 | N/A | LRO in eclipse flag (1 = in eclipse) |
|-----|---|-------------|----|-----|--------------------------------------|

^{*} The external representation of the field value as it would appear in a Fortran FORMAT statement.

Appendix A Support staff and cognizant persons

Table 36: Archive collection support staff

| | CRaTER team | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Name | Address | Phone | Email harlan.spence@unh.edu | |
| Prof. Harlan Spence Principal Investigator | University of New Hampshire Institute for the Study of Earth, Oceans, and Space Morse Hall Durham, NH 03824-2600 USA | +001 603 862-0322 | | |
| Dr. Justin Kasper Project Scientist | Harvard–Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics MS–58 60 Garden St Cambridge MA 02138 USA | +001 617 496-7875 | jkasper@cfa.harvard.edu | |
| Dr. Michael Golightly Deputy Project Scientist SOC Lead | University of New Hampshire Institute for the Study of Earth, Oceans, and Space Morse Hall Durham, NH 03824-2600 USA | +001 603 862-1256 | m.j.golightly@unh.edu | |
| Mr. David Bradford SOC Systems and Network Engineer | Boston University Department of Astronomy 725 Commonwealth Ave. Boston MA 02215 USA | +001 617 353-4884 | bradford@bu.edu | |
| Mr. Erik Wilson SOC Software and Archive Engineer | Boston University Department of Astronomy 725 Commonwealth Ave. Boston MA 02215 USA | +001 617 358-4423 | wilsone@bu.edu | |
| Mr. Robert Goeke Project Engineer | MIT NE80-6099 1 Hampshire Street Cambridge MA 02139 USA | +001 617 253-1910 | goeke@space.mit.edu | |

| UCLA | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Name | Address | Phone | Email | | | | |
| Mr. Steven Joy PPI Operations Manager | IGPP, University of California 405 Hilgard Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90095-1567 USA | +001 310 825 3506 | sjoy@igpp.ucla.edu | | | | |
| Mr. Mark Sharlow PPI Data Engineer | IGPP, University of California 405 Hilgard Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90095-1567 USA | +001 310 206 6073 | msharlow@igpp.ucla.edu | | | | |

END_OBJECT

Appendix B PDS label files

All CRaTER instrument data files are accompanied by PDS label files, possessing the same names are the files they describe, but with the extension LBL. The basic content for these label files is as follows, where the NOTE field is reserved for product-specific comments:

B.1 Level 0 Primary Science Data Label File

```
= PDS3
PDS VERSION ID
                            = "LRO-L-CRAT-2-EDR-RAWDATA-V1.0"
DATA_SET_ID
DATA_SET_NAME - ____

STANDARD_DATA_PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_L0_PRI" = "CRAT_L0_PRI_yyyddd_Vnn"
                          = "LRO MOON CRATER EDR RAWDATA VERSION 1.0"
DATA_SET_NAME
PRODUCT_TYPE
                          = EDR
PRODUCT_VERSION_ID
                           = "n.n"
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME
                          = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss
MISSION_PHASE
                           = "ccccccc"
RECORD FORMAT
                          = UNDEFINED
FILE RECORDS
                          = nnnnn
START_TIME
                          = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss
                         = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss
STOP_TIME
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT = "ssssssssssssss"
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_STOP_COUNT = "ssssssssssssss"
= "LRO"
INSTRUMENT HOST ID
INSTRUMENT NAME
                          = "Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of
                             Radiation"
                            = "CRAT"
INSTRUMENT_ID
INSTRUMENT_SERIAL_NUMBER
                            = "The Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of
DESCRIPTION
                              Radiation (CRaTER) is a stacked detector-
                              absorber cosmic-ray telescope designed to
                              answer key questions to enable future human
                              exploration of the Solar System. CRaTER's
                              primary measurement goal is to measure
                              directly the lineal energy transfer (LET or
                              'y') spectra caused by space radiation
                              penetrating and interacting with shielding
                              material. Such measured LET spectra are
                              frequently unavailable. In the absence of
                              measurements, numerical models are used to
                              provide estimates of LET; the reliability of
                              the models require experimental measurements
                              to provide a ground truth."
NOTE
                            = "optional text comment"
^TABLE
                            = "CRAT_LO_PRI_yyyyddd_Vnn.DAT"
OBJECT
                            = TABLE
                            = LROHDR
   NAME
    INTERCHANGE_FORMAT
                           = BINARY
                            = 64
   BYTES
                           = 1
   ROWS
    COLUMNS
                           = 7
    ^STRUCTURE
                          = "LROHDR.FMT"
                          = "LRO standard 64-byte header."
    DESCRIPTION
                            = TABLE
```

^TABLE = ("CRAT_L0_PRI_yyyyddd_Vnn.DAT",64 <BYTES>) OBJECT = TABLE = CRAT_L0_PRI INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = BINARY ROWS = nnnnn ROW BYTES = 444 = 2 COLUMNS ^STRUCTURE = "CRAT_LO_PRI.FMT" DESCRIPTION = "CRaTER Instrument Primary Science packets. The byte length of each varying-length packet is 7 plus the value of the fourth 16-bit unsigned MSB integer in the packet." END_OBJECT = TABLE END

B.2 Level 0 Secondary Science Data Label File

= PDS3 PDS_VERSION_ID DATA_SET_ID = "LRO-L-CRAT-2-EDR-RAWDATA-V1.0" = "LRO MOON CRATER EDR RAWDATA VERSION 1.0" DATA_SET_NAME STANDARD_DATA_PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_LO_SEC" PRODUCT ID = "CRAT_L0_SEC_yyyyddd_Vnn" PRODUCT_TYPE = EDR PRODUCT_VERSION_ID = "n.n" PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss MISSION_PHASE = "ccccccc" RECORD TYPE = FIXED LENGTH RECORD BYTES = 46 FILE RECORDS = nnnnn START_TIME = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss STOP TIME = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT = "sssssssssssss" SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_STOP_COUNT = "ssssssssssssss" = "Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter" INSTRUMENT_HOST_NAME INSTRUMENT_HOST_ID = "LRO" = "Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of INSTRUMENT_NAME Radiation" = "CRAT" INSTRUMENT ID INSTRUMENT SERIAL NUMBER = n DESCRIPTION = "The Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of Radiation (CRaTER) is a stacked detectorabsorber cosmic-ray telescope designed to answer key questions to enable future human exploration of the Solar System. CRaTER's primary measurement goal is to measure directly the lineal energy transfer (LET or 'y') spectra caused by space radiation penetrating and interacting with shielding material. Such measured LET spectra are frequently unavailable. In the absence of measurements, numerical models are used to provide estimates of LET; the reliability of

NOTE = "optional text comment"

to provide a ground truth."

the models require experimental measurements

```
^TABLE
                         = "CRAT_LO_SEC_yyyyddd_Vnn.DAT"
                         = TABLE
OBJECT
                         = LROHDR
   INTERCHANGE_FORMAT
                        = BINARY
                         = 64
   BYTES
   COLUMNS
                        = 7
   ^STRUCTURE
                        = "LROHDR.FMT"
   DESCRIPTION
                        = "LRO standard 64-byte header, followed by 28
                          NUL bytes (0x00)."
END OBJECT
                         = TABLE
^TABLE
                         = ("CRAT_L0_SEC_yyyyddd_Vnn.DAT",3)
OBJECT
                        = TABLE
                        = CRAT_L0_SEC
   ROWS
                        = nnnnn
                         = 9
   COLUMNS
   ROW_BYTES
                         = 46
   ^STRUCTURE
                        = "CRAT_LO_SEC.FMT"
   DESCRIPTION
                        = "CRaTER Instrument Secondary Science packets."
                        = TABLE
END_OBJECT
END
```

B.3 Level 0 Housekeeping Data Label File

```
PDS_VERSION_ID
                           = PDS3
STANDARD_DATA_PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_LO_HK"

PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_LO_HK"
PRODUCT TYPE
                          = EDR
PRODUCT_VERSION_ID
                          = "n.n"
                         = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME
MISSION_PHASE
                           = "ccccccc"
RECORD_TYPE
                           = FIXED_LENGTH
RECORD_BYTES
                           = 64
FILE_RECORDS
                           = nnnnn
START TIME
               = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss
STOP TIME
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT = "ssssssssssssss"
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_STOP_COUNT = "sssssssss.ss"
INSTRUMENT_HOST_NAME
                          = "Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter"
                          = "LRO"
INSTRUMENT_HOST_ID
INSTRUMENT_NAME
                          = "Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of
                             Radiation"
INSTRUMENT ID
                           = "CRAT"
INSTRUMENT SERIAL NUMBER
                           = n
DESCRIPTION
                            = "The Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of
                              Radiation (CRaTER) is a stacked detector-
                              absorber cosmic-ray telescope designed to
                              answer key questions to enable future human
                              exploration of the Solar System. CRaTER's
                              primary measurement goal is to measure
                              directly the lineal energy transfer (LET or
                              'y') spectra caused by space radiation
```

END

penetrating and interacting with shielding material. Such measured LET spectra are frequently unavailable. In the absence of measurements, numerical models are used to provide estimates of LET; the reliability of the models require experimental measurements to provide a ground truth."

```
NOTE
                             = "optional text comment"
^TABLE
                             = "CRAT_L0_HK_yyyyddd_Vnn.DAT"
OBJECT
                             = TABLE
    INTERCHANGE_FORMAT
                           = BINARY
   BYTES
                             = 64
   ROWS
                             = 1
                             = 7
    COLUMNS
    ^STRUCTURE
                           = "LROHDR.FMT"
                            = "LRO standard 64-byte header."
   DESCRIPTION
END_OBJECT
                           = TABLE
^TABLE
                             = ("CRAT_L0_HK_yyyyddd_Vnn.DAT",2)
OBJECT
                            = TABLE
                             = CRAT LO HK
   NAME
    INTERCHANGE_FORMAT
                             = BINARY
                             = nnnnn
   ROWS
                            = 22
    COLUMNS
    ROW_BYTES
                            = 64
                         = "CRAT_L0_HK.FMT"
= "CRaTER Instrument Housekeeping packets."
= TABLE
    ^STRUCTURE
    DESCRIPTION
END_OBJECT
```

B.4 Level 1 Primary Science Data Label File

```
PDS_VERSION_ID
                             = PDS3
DATA_SET_ID
                             = "LRO-L-CRAT-3-CDR_CALIBRATED-V1.0"
DATA_SET_NAME
                            = "LRO MOON CRATER 3 CALIBRATED ENERGY DATA
                              VERSION 1.0"
STANDARD_DATA_PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_L1_PRI"
PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_L1_PRI_yyyddd_Vnn"
PRODUCT TYPE
                           = RDR
PRODUCT_VERSION_ID
                           = "n.n"
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME = "n.n" = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss
MISSION_PHASE
                            = "ccccccc"
RECORD FORMAT
                           = FIXED LENGTH
RECORD BYTES
                           = 117
FILE_RECORDS
                            = nnnnn
START TIME
                            = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss
STOP TIME
                           = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT = "sssssssssssss"
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_STOP_COUNT = "ssssssssssssss"
                         = "Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter"
= "LRO"
INSTRUMENT_HOST_NAME
INSTRUMENT_HOST_ID
INSTRUMENT NAME
                            = "Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of
                             Radiation"
                           = "CRAT"
INSTRUMENT ID
INSTRUMENT SERIAL NUMBER = n
                            = "The Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of
DESCRIPTION
                               Radiation (CRaTER) is a stacked detector-
                               absorber cosmic-ray telescope designed to
                               answer key questions to enable future human
                               exploration of the Solar System. CRaTER's
                               primary measurement goal is to measure
                               directly the lineal energy transfer (LET or
                               'y') spectra caused by space radiation
                               penetrating and interacting with shielding
                               material. Such measured LET spectra are
                               frequently unavailable. In the absence of
                               measurements, numerical models are used to
                               provide estimates of LET; the reliability of
                               the models require experimental measurements
                               to provide a ground truth."
NOTE
                             = "optional text comment"
^TABLE
                             = "CRAT_L1_PRI_yyyyddd_Vnn.TAB"
OBJECT
                             = TABLE
                            = CRAT L1 PRI
    INTERCHANGE_FORMAT
                           = ASCII
    ROWS
                            = nnnnn
    COLUMNS
                            = 15
    ROW_BYTES
                           = 117
   ^STRUCTURE
                        = "CRAT_L1_PRI.FMT"
= "CRaTER Instrument Level 1 Primary Science."
   DESCRIPTION
                           = TABLE
END OBJECT
```

END

B.5 Level 1 Secondary Science Data Label File

PDS_VERSION_ID = PDS3 DATA_SET_ID = "LRO-L-CRAT-3-CDR_CALIBRATED-V1.0" = "LRO MOON CRATER 3 CALIBRATED ENERGY DATA DATA_SET_NAME VERSION 1.0" STANDARD_DATA_PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_L1_SEC" = "CRAT_L1_SEC_yyyyddd_Vnn" PRODUCT TYPE = RDR PRODUCT_VERSION_ID = "n.n" PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss MISSION_PHASE = "ccccccc" = FIXED_LENGTH RECORD_TYPE = 136 RECORD BYTES FILE RECORDS = nnnnn START_TIME = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss STOP_TIME = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.ss SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT = "ssssssssssssss" SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_STOP_COUNT = "ssssssssssssss" = "Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter" INSTRUMENT HOST NAME INSTRUMENT_HOST_ID = "LRO" = "Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of INSTRUMENT NAME Radiation" = "CRAT" INSTRUMENT ID $INSTRUMENT_SERIAL_NUMBER = n$ DESCRIPTION = "The Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of Radiation (CRaTER) is a stacked detectorabsorber cosmic-ray telescope designed to answer key questions to enable future human exploration of the Solar System. CRaTER's primary measurement goal is to measure directly the lineal energy transfer (LET or 'y') spectra caused by space radiation penetrating and interacting with shielding material. Such measured LET spectra are frequently unavailable. In the absence of measurements, numerical models are used to provide estimates of LET; the reliability of the models require experimental measurements to provide a ground truth." NOTE: = "optional text comment" ^TABLE = "CRAT L1 SEC yyyyddd Vnn.TAB"

OBJECT = TABLE

NAME = CRAT_L1_SEC

INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = ASCII
ROWS = nnnnn
COLUMNS = 28
ROW_BYTES = 136

^STRUCTURE = "CRAT_L1_SEC.FMT"

DESCRIPTION = "CRaTER Instrument Level 1 Secondary Science."

END_OBJECT = TABLE

END

B.6 Level 1 Housekeeping Data Label File

PDS_VERSION_ID = PDS3

DATA_SET_ID = "LRO-L-CRAT-3-CDR_CALIBRATED-V1.0"

DATA_SET_NAME = "LRO MOON CRATER 3 CALIBRATED ENERGY DATA

VERSION 1.0"

STANDARD_DATA_PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_L1_HK"

PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_L1_HK"

= "CRAT_L1_HK_yyyyddd_Vnn"

 $\begin{array}{lll} \texttt{PRODUCT_TYPE} & = & \texttt{RDR} \\ \texttt{PRODUCT_VERSION_ID} & = & "n.n" \end{array}$

PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss

MISSION_PHASE = "ccccccc"

RECORD_TYPE = FIXED_LENGTH

RECORD_BYTES = 202FILE_RECORDS = nnnn

 $\begin{array}{lll} {\tt START_TIME} & = & yyyy-mm-dd{\tt T}hh:mm:ss.sss \\ {\tt STOP_TIME} & = & yyyy-mm-dd{\tt T}hh:mm:ss.sss \end{array}$

Radiation"

DESCRIPTION

= "The Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of Radiation (CRaTER) is a stacked detectorabsorber cosmic-ray telescope designed to answer key questions to enable future human exploration of the Solar System. CRaTER's primary measurement goal is to measure directly the lineal energy transfer (LET or 'y') spectra caused by space radiation penetrating and interacting with shielding material. Such measured LET spectra are frequently unavailable. In the absence of measurements, numerical models are used to provide estimates of LET; the reliability of the models require experimental measurements

to provide a ground truth."

NOTE = "optional text comment"

^TABLE = "CRAT_L1_HK_yyyyddd_Vnn.TAB"

OBJECT = TABLE

NAME = CRAT_L1_HK

INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = ASCII

ROWS = nnnnn

COLUMNS = 25

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ROW_BYTES = 202

^STRUCTURE = "CRAT_L1_HK.FMT" DESCRIPTION
OBJECT

= "CRaTER Instrument Level 1 Housekeeping."

END_OBJECT = TABLE

END

B.7 Level 2 Primary Science Data Label File

```
PDS_VERSION_ID
                            = PDS3
DATA_SET_ID
                            = "LRO-L-CRAT-3/4-DDR-PROCESSED-V1.0"
DATA_SET_NAME
                            = "LRO MOON CRATER 3/4 CALIBRATED LET DATA
                             VERSION 1.0"
STANDARD_DATA_PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_L2_PRI"

PRODUCT ID = "CRAT_L2_PRI_yyyyddd_Vnn"
PRODUCT TYPE
                           = RDR
PRODUCT_VERSION_ID
                           = "n.n"
                         = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME
MISSION_PHASE
                            = "ccccccc"
RECORD FORMAT
                           = FIXED LENGTH
RECORD BYTES
                           = 240
FILE_RECORDS
                           = nnnnn
START TIME
                            = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.ss
STOP TIME
                           = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT = "sssssssssssss"
SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_STOP_COUNT = "ssssssssssssss"
                         = "Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter"
= "LRO"
INSTRUMENT_HOST_NAME
INSTRUMENT_HOST_ID
INSTRUMENT NAME
                            = "Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of
                             Radiation"
                           = "CRAT"
INSTRUMENT ID
INSTRUMENT SERIAL NUMBER = n
                            = "The Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of
DESCRIPTION
                              Radiation (CRaTER) is a stacked detector-
                               absorber cosmic-ray telescope designed to
                               answer key questions to enable future human
                               exploration of the Solar System. CRaTER's
                               primary measurement goal is to measure
                               directly the lineal energy transfer (LET or
                               'y') spectra caused by space radiation
                               penetrating and interacting with shielding
                              material. Such measured LET spectra are
                               frequently unavailable. In the absence of
                              measurements, numerical models are used to
                              provide estimates of LET; the reliability of
                               the models require experimental measurements
                               to provide a ground truth."
NOTE
                            = "optional text comment"
^TABLE
                            = "CRAT_L2_PRI_yyyyddd_Vnn.TAB"
OBJECT
                            = TABLE
                           = CRAT L2 PRI
    INTERCHANGE_FORMAT
                           = ASCII
   ROWS
                           = nnnnn
   COLUMNS
                            = 35
   ROW_BYTES
                           = 240
   ^STRUCTURE
                           = "CRAT_L2_PRI.FMT"
                        = "CRaTER Instrument Level 2 Primary Science."
   DESCRIPTION
                           = TABLE
END OBJECT
```

END

B.8 Level 2 Secondary Science Data Label File

PDS_VERSION_ID = PDS3 DATA_SET_ID = "LRO-L-CRAT-3/4-DDR-PROCESSED-V1.0" = "LRO MOON CRATER 3/4 CALIBRATED LET DATA DATA_SET_NAME VERSION 1.0" STANDARD_DATA_PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_L2_SEC" = "CRAT_L2_SEC_yyyyddd_Vnn" PRODUCT_TYPE = RDR PRODUCT_VERSION_ID = "n.n" PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss MISSION_PHASE = "ccccccc" = FIXED_LENGTH RECORD_TYPE = 194 RECORD BYTES FILE RECORDS = nnnnn START_TIME = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss STOP_TIME = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.ss SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_START_COUNT = "sssssssssssss" SPACECRAFT_CLOCK_STOP_COUNT = "ssssssssssssss" = "Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter" INSTRUMENT HOST NAME INSTRUMENT_HOST_ID = "LRO" = "Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of INSTRUMENT NAME Radiation" = "CRAT" INSTRUMENT ID $INSTRUMENT_SERIAL_NUMBER = n$ DESCRIPTION = "The Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of Radiation (CRaTER) is a stacked detectorabsorber cosmic-ray telescope designed to answer key questions to enable future human exploration of the Solar System. CRaTER's primary measurement goal is to measure directly the lineal energy transfer (LET or 'y') spectra caused by space radiation penetrating and interacting with shielding material. Such measured LET spectra are frequently unavailable. In the absence of measurements, numerical models are used to provide estimates of LET; the reliability of the models require experimental measurements to provide a ground truth." NOTE: = "optional text comment" ^TABLE = "CRAT L2 SEC yyyyddd Vnn.TAB" OBJECT = TABLE = CRAT_L2_SEC INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = ASCII ROWS = nnnnn = 32 COLUMNS

= "CRAT_L2_SEC.FMT"

= 194

ROW_BYTES

^STRUCTURE

DESCRIPTION = "CRaTER Instrument Level 2 Secondary Science."

END_OBJECT = TABLE

END

B.9 Level 2 Housekeeping Data Label File

PDS_VERSION_ID = PDS3

DATA_SET_ID = "LRO-L-CRAT-3/4-DDR-PROCESSED-V1.0"

DATA_SET_NAME = "LRO MOON CRATER 3/4 CALIBRATED LET DATA

VERSION 1.0"

STANDARD_DATA_PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_L2_HK"

PRODUCT_ID = "CRAT_L2_HK_yyyyddd_Vnn"

PRODUCT_TYPE = RDR PRODUCT_VERSION_ID = "n.n"

PRODUCT_CREATION_TIME = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss

MISSION_PHASE = "ccccccc"

RECORD_TYPE = FIXED_LENGTH

RECORD_BYTES = 329 FILE_RECORDS = nnnnn

 $START_TIME$ = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss $STOP_TIME$ = yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss

INSTRUMENT HOST NAME = "Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter"

Radiation"

INSTRUMENT_ID = "CRAT" INSTRUMENT SERIAL NUMBER = n

= "The Cosmic Ray Telescope for the Effects of Radiation (CRaTER) is a stacked detectorabsorber cosmic-ray telescope designed to answer key questions to enable future human exploration of the Solar System. CRaTER's primary measurement goal is to measure directly the lineal energy transfer (LET or 'y') spectra caused by space radiation penetrating and interacting with shielding material. Such measured LET spectra are frequently unavailable. In the absence of measurements, numerical models are used to provide estimates of LET; the reliability of the models require experimental measurements to provide a ground truth."

NOTE = "text comment"

^TABLE = "CRAT_L2_HK_yyyyddd_Vnn.TAB"

OBJECT = TABLE

NAME = CRAT_L2_HK

INTERCHANGE_FORMAT = ASCII

ROWS = nnnnn

COLUMNS = 38

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ROW_BYTES = 329

^STRUCTURE = "CRAT_L2_HK.FMT" DESCRIPTION
OR.TECT

= "CRaTER Instrument Level 2 Housekeeping."

END_OBJECT = TABLE

END

Appendix C Level 0 data record formats

The files comprising CRaTER standard products have record formats that are specified in the PDS label files and in the accompanying FMT files located in the LABEL directory. This section shows the format component of PDS labels for each of the three types of Level 0 binary data file.

C.1 Level 0 64-byte Binary File Header Record (LROHDR.FMT)

```
OBJECT
                       = COLUMN
                       = FILEID
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER
START_BYTE
                     = 1
                     = 1
  BYTES
                     = 4
                   = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
= 200
  DATA_TYPE
  MINIMUM
  MAXIMUM
  MAXIMUM = 202
DESCRIPTION = "File Identifier (primary science = 200,
                       housekeeping = 201, secondary science = 202)."
                   = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                     = COLUMN
                     = RESERVED
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
START_BYTE = 5
                     = 4
  BYTES
DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 0

DESCRIPTION = "Spare."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
START_BYTE = 0
                   = 4
= MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
= SECONDS
  BYTES
  DATA_TYPE
  UNIT
  MINIMUM
                     = 0
  MAXIMUM = 2147483647

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time of First Packet in File (elapsed
                       seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  NAME = STARTTIMESUBSEC
COLUMN_NUMBER = 4
START_BYTE = 13
  BYTES
                     = 4
                    = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
= "2^-32 SECONDS"
  DATA TYPE
  UNIT
                     = 0
  MINIMUM
  MAXIMUM
  DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time of First Packet in File-Fractional
                        Seconds."
                   = COLUMN
= COLUMN
END OBJECT
OBJECT
                     = STOPTIMESEC
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 5
START_BYTE = 1
                      = 17
```

```
BYTES
                               = 4
   DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
UNIT = SECONDS
   MINIMUM
                              = 0
   MAXIMUM
   MAXIMUM = 2147483647
DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time of Last Packet in File (elapsed
END_OBJECT = COLUMN = COLUMN
                                 seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC)."
  = COLUMN
= STOPTIMESUBSEC
COLUMN_NUMBER = 6
START_BYTE = 21
BYTES = 4
DATA TAGE

  BYTES = 4

DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

UNIT = "2^-32 SECONDS"

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 2147483647

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time of Last Packet in File—Fractional Seconds."
                                 Seconds."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
                              = FILENAME
   NAME
COLUMN_NUMBER = FILENAME

COLUMN_NUMBER = 7

START_BYTE = 25

BYTES = 40

DATA_TYPE = CHARACTER

DESCRIPTION = "Data Product Name (uppercase characters)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
```

C.2 Level 0 Binary Record Header (CRAT_L0_HDR.FMT)

```
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = VERSION

COLUMN_NUMBER = 1

START_BIT = 1

BITS = 3

BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

MINIMUM = 0

DESCRIPTION = "CCSDS Version Number."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = PACKETTYPE

COLUMN_NUMBER = 2

START_BIT = 4

BITS = 1

BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 0

DESCRIPTION = "Packet Type."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

MAXIMUM = 0

DESCRIPTION = "Packet Type."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = SECHDRFLAG

COLUMN_NUMBER = 3

START_BIT = 5

BITS = 1
```

```
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 1
    MINIMUM
    \begin{array}{lll} \mbox{MAXIMUM} & = & 1 \\ \mbox{DESCRIPTION} & = & \mbox{"Secondary Header Flag (1 = secondary header} \end{array}
                               follows)."
                           = BIT_COLUMN
= BIT_COLUMN
 END OBJECT
 OBJECT
    NAME
                             = APID
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 4
START_BIT = 6
BITS = 11
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 120
    MAXIMUM = 122

DESCRIPTION = "Application Process ID (120 = primary science; 121 = secondary science; 122 = housekeeping)."
 END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
 OBJECT
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 5
START_BIT
 START_BIT
   BITS = 2
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 3
BITS = 14
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 16383
DESCRIPTION = "Sources Sequence Count (separate for each Apid)."
END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
NAME = PACKETLENGTH
COLUMN_NUMBER = 7
START_BIT = 33
BITS = 16
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 441
DESCRIPTION
    MAXIMUM = 441
DESCRIPTION = "Packet Length (number of bytes following primary
                                header - 1)."
                           = BIT_COLUMN
 END_OBJECT
                             = BIT_COLUMN
 OBJECT
                             = RESERVED1
    NAME
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 8
START_BIT = 49
BITS = 1
   = 49

BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 0

DESCRIPTO
    DESCRIPTION = "Reserved (value = 0)."
```

```
END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
NAME = TIME
COLUMN_NUMBER = 9
START_BIT = 50
BITS = 31
BITS = 31
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
UNIT = SECONDS
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 2147483647
DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time (elapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC)."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
NAME = FRACTIME
COLUMN_NUMBER = 10
START_BIT = 81
BITS = 4
BIT_DATA_TYPE
        DITO = 4

BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

UNIT = "1/16 SECONDS"

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM
  MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 15

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time--Fractional Seconds."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = RESERVED2

COLUMN_NUMBER = 11

START_BIT = 85

BITS = 5

BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 0

DESCRIPTION = "Reserved (value = 0)."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = TESTFLAG
         MAXIMUM
 NAME = TESTFLAG

COLUMN_NUMBER = 12

START_BIT = 90

BITS = 1

BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 1

DESCRIPTION = "Test Mode Flag (1 = test enabled)."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = ONEHERTZ

COLUMN_NUMBER
         COLUMN_NUMBER = 13
START_BIT = 91
BITS - 1
        - 91
EIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM - 1
         MAXIMUM = 1
DESCRIPTION = "External 1-Hz Time Sync Pulse Flag (1 = not received)."
    END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
                                                           = SERIALNUMBER
         NAME
```

```
COLUMN_NUMBER = 14
START_BIT = 92
BITS = 5
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 31
DESCRIPTION = "Instrument Serial Number."
END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
```

C.3 Level 0 Primary Science Record (CRAT_L0_PRI.FMT)

```
OBJECT
                               = COLUMN
                               = HEADER
   NAME
   COLUMN_NUMBER
                             = 1
   START_BYTE
                             = 1
   BYTES
                             = 12
^STRUCTURE = "CRAT_LO_HDR.FMT"

DATA_TYPE = BIT_STRING

DESCRIPTION = "CCSDS Primary and Secondary Headers, ApId = 120."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
                             = COLUMN
  COLUMN EVENT

COLUMN_NUMBER = 2

START_BYTE = 13

BYTES
   BYTES = 432
ITEM_BYTES = 9
  ITEMS = 48

DATA_TYPE = BIT_STRING

DESCRIPTION = "PHA Output of D1..D6 Signals for Single Event."

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = EVENTAMP1
     START_BIT = 1
BITS = 12
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
   MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "Detector 1 PHA Output for Single Event."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = EVENTAMP2
                             = EVENTAMP2
     NAME
      COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
      START_BIT = 13
BITS = 12
   BITS = 12
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 4095
DESCRIPTION = "Detector 2 PHA Output for Single Event."
END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
   OBJECT
                             = BIT COLUMN
                      = EVENTAMP3
      NAME
      COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
START_BIT = 25
BITS = 12
                             = 12
      BITS
      BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
      MINIMUM = 0
```

```
MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "Detector 3 PHA Output for Single Event."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = EVENTAMP4
       COLUMN_NUMBER = 4
       START_BIT = 37
BITS = 12
  BITS = 12
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 4095
DESCRIPTION = "Detector 4 PHA Output for Single Event."
END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
NAME = EVENTAMP5
       BITS
       COLUMN_NUMBER = 5
START_BIT = 49
BITS = 12
       BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
   MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "Detector 5 PHA Output for Single Event."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = EVENTAMP6
       COLUMN_NUMBER = 6
       START_BIT = 61
BITS = 12
  BITS = 12
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 4095
DESCRIPTION = "Detector 6 PHA Output for Single Event."
END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
ND_OBJECT = COLUMN
END OBJECT
```

C.4 Level 0 Secondary Science Record (CRAT_L0_SEC.FMT)

```
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = HEADER
COLUMN_NUMBER = 1
START_BYTE = 1
BYTES = 12
^STRUCTURE = "CRAT_LO_HDR.FMT"
DATA_TYPE = BIT_STRING
DESCRIPTION = "CCSDS Primary and Secondary Headers, Apid = 121."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = SECONDARYFLGS
COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
START_BYTE = 13
BYTES = 4
DATA_TYPE = BIT_STRING
DESCRIPTION = "Secondary Science Flags."
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
NAME = BIASCNTRL
COLUMN NUMBER = 1
```

```
START_BIT = 1
BITS = 1
                        = 1
   BITS
   BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 1

DESCRIPTION = "Detector Bias Delayed Control Flag (1 = enabled)."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = BIASCMD
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
   START_BIT = 2
BITS = 1
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 1

DESCRIPTION = "Detector Bias Voltage Flag (1 = on)."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = CALLOW
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
   START_BIT = 3
BITS = 1
  BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
  MAXIMUM = 1
DESCRIPTION = "Internal Calibration Pulser-Low Range Flag (1 = enabled) "
END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
NAME = CALHIGH
COLUMN_NUMBER = 4
   START_BIT = 4
                        = 1
   BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
  MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 1
DESCRIPTION = "Internal Calibration Pulser-High Range Flag (1 = enabled)."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
NAME = CALRATE
   MAXIMUM
                        = 1
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 5
   START_BIT = 5
BITS = 1
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
  MINIMUM = 0
   MAXIMUM = 1
DESCRIPTION = "Internal Calibration Pulser Pulse Rate Flag
                          (0 = 8 \text{ Hz}; 1 = 1953 \text{ Hz})."
END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
NAME = PROCDFLAG
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 6
   START_BIT = 6
                        = 6
   ITEM BITS
                        = 1
   ITEMS
                          = 6
```

```
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
   MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 1

DESCRIPTION = "Detector Processing Flag (1 = enabled)."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = LASTCMD
      COLUMN_NUMBER = 7
      START_BIT = 12
BITS = 5
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
   MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 31

DESCRIPTION = "Address of Last Command to CRATER."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = LASTVALUE

COLUMN NUMBER = 0
      COLUMN_NUMBER = 8
      START_BIT = 17
BITS = 16
      BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
   MAXIMUM = 65535

DESCRIPTION = "Contents of Last Command to CRATER."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

ND_OBJECT = COLUMN

BJECT = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
   BJECT = COLUMN
NAME = DISCTHIN
COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
START_BYTE = 17
--- = 2
OBJECT
BYTES = 2

DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 65535

DESCRIPTION = "LLD Monitor Value—Thin Detectors (D1, D3, D5)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME = DICCOUNT
   NAME = DISCTHICK
COLUMN_NUMBER = 4
START_BYTE = 19
BYTES = 2
   BYTES = 2
DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 65535
   MAXIMUM = 65535

DESCRIPTION = "LLD Monitor Value--Thick Detectors (D2, D4, D6)."

ND_OBJECT = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                               = COLUMN
                               = MASK
   NAME
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 5
START_BYTE = 21
                               = 8
   BYTES
   BYTES
ITEM_BYTES
                               = 4
                               = 2
   ITEMS
   ITEMA
DATA_TYPE
                            = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
= 0
   MINIMUM
MAXIMUM
                               = 65535
   DESCRIPTION = "Detector Coincidence Discriminator Accept Mask
```

```
(64 bits)."
 END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = SINGLE
     NAME = SINGLE
COLUMN_NUMBER = 6
START_BYTE = 29
BYTE:
ITEMS = 6

DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 65535

DESCRIPTION = "D1..D6 Singles Counters."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME = GOOD

COLUMN_NUMBER = 7

START_BYTE = 41

BYTES = 2
                                               = 12
BYTES = 41

BYTES = 2

DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 65535

DESCRIPTION = "Good Events Counter."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME = REJECT
     COLUMN = REJECT

COLUMN_NUMBER = 8

START_BYTE = 43

BYTES = 2
BYTES = 2
DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 65535
DESCRIPTION = "Rejected Events Counter."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT - COLUMN
 OBJECT
                                               = COLUMN
                                               = TOTAL
     NAME
     COLUMN_NUMBER = 9
START_BYTE = 45
BYTES = 2
     BYTES = 2
DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 65535
 MAXIMUM = U

MAXIMUM = 65535

DESCRIPTION = "Total Events Counter."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
```

C.5 Level 0 Housekeeping Record (CRAT_L0_HK.FMT)

```
OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME = HEADER

COLUMN_NUMBER = 1

START_BYTE = 1

BYTES = 12

^STRUCTURE = "CRAT_LO_HDR.FMT"

DATA_TYPE = BIT_STRING

DESCRIPTION = "CCSDS Primary and Secondary Headers, Apid = 122."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
```

```
BJECT = COLUMN

NAME = CRATVERFPGA

COLUMN_NUMBER = 2

START_BYTE = 13

BYTES
   OBJECT
      BYTES = 2

DATA_TYPE = BIT_STRING

DESCRIPTION = "FPGA Revision Code."

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = FPGA_SN

COLUMN_NUMBER = 1

COLUMN_DIT = 1
            START_BIT = 1
BITS = 4
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
       MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 15

DESCRIPTION = "FPGA Revision Code."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

NAME = N/A
            COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
            START_BIT = 5
BITS = 12
  BITS = 12
BIT_DATA_TYPE = N/A
DESCRIPTION = "Unused."
END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = V5DIGITAL
COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
START_BYTE = 15
BYTES = 2
_____ = 15

BYTES = 2

DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

UNIT = "VOLTS = 0.00200*DN"

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "+5VDC Digital Regulated Voltage Monitor Value."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME = CRATV5PLUS

COLUMN_NUMBER = 4

START_BYTE = 17

BYTES = 2

DATA_TYPE

DESCE
       BYTES = Z

DATA_TYPE = BIT_STRING

DESCRIPTION = "Analog Voltage Status Indicator and +5VDC Analog Regulated Voltage Monitor Value."
                            Regulated '
= BIT_COLUMN
= VANALOGERR
       OBJECT
           NAME
            COLUMN_NUMBER = 1
           START_BIT = 1
BITS = 4
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MINIMUM = 0
MAXIMUM = 15
DESCRIPTION = "Analog Voltage Status Indicator (0 = on; 15 = off, remaining H/K invalid)."
       END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN
```

```
= V5PLUS
       NAME
       COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
       START_BIT = 5
BITS = 1
       BITS = 12
BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
   BIT_DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

UNIT = "VOLTS = 0.00200*DN"

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "+5VDC Analog Regulated Voltage Monitor Value."

END_OBJECT = BIT_COLUMN

ND_OBJECT = COLUMN

BJECT = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                                = COLUMN
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 5
START_BYTE = 19
BYTES - ^
   DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
MAXIMUM = 4095
DESCRIPTION = "-5VDC Analog Regulated Voltage Monitor Value."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
                                = "VOLTS = -0.00201*DN"
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 6
START_BYTE = 21
BYTES
DATA_TYPE = N/A
DESCRIPTION = "Unused."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
   COLUMN = BIASCURRENT

COLUMN_NUMBER = 7

START_BYTE = 23

BYTES
BYTES = 12

ITEM_BYTES = 2

ITEMS = 6

DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

UNIT = "AMPS = 5E-10*DN, 5E-9*DN, 5E-10*DN, ..."

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "Detector Bias Current Monitor Values."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

BIASVOLTTHIN
OBJECT
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 8
START_BYTE = 35
BYTES
                              = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
= "VOLTS = 0.101*DN"
= 0
   DATA_TYPE
   UNIT
   MINIMUM
MAXIMUM
   MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "Thin Detector (D1, D3, D5) Bias Monitor Value."

ND_OBJECT = COLUMN

BJECT = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
NAME
                                = BIASVOLTTHICK
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 9
```

```
START_BYTE = 37
                          = 2
   BYTES
  BYTES
DATA_TYPE
                      = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
= "VOLTS = 0.101*DN"
= 0
  UNIT
MAXIMUM = 4095
DESCRIPTION = "Thick Detector (D2, D4, D6) Bias Monitor Value."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
                         = COLUMN
OBJECT
  COLUMN = CALAMP

COLUMN_NUMBER = 10

START_BYTE = 39

BYTES - ^
  DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
UNIT = "VOLTS = 0.00100*DN"

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "Internal Calibration Pulser Amplitude Monitor Value."

ND_OBJECT = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                         = COLUMN
                          = LLDTHIN
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 11
START_BYTE = 41
BYTES = 2
  BYTES = 41

BYTES = 2

DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

UNIT = "VOLTS = 0.000124*DN - 0.124"

MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "LLD Amplitude Monitor Value--Thin Detectors (D1 D3 D5)"
                            (D1, D3, D5)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
                         = COLUMN
OBJECT
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 12
START_BYTE = 43
BYTES
  BYTES = 2
DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
UNIT = "VOLTS = 0.000124*DN - 0.124"
                          = 0
  MINIMUM
  MAXIMUM
  MAXIMUM = 4095
DESCRIPTION = "LLD Amplitude Monitor Value--Thick Detectors
                            (D2, D4, D6)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 13
START_BYTE
                          = 2
  BYTES
                        = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
= "CELSIUS = 100*V5plus - 0.100*DN - 273.2"
= 0
  DATA_TYPE
  UNIT
  MINIMUM
                          = 4095
  MAXIMUM
                      = "Temperature Monitor Value-Telescope Assembly
  DESCRIPTION
                            (in UNITS formula V5plus in volts)."
END_OBJECT
                       = COLUMN
= COLUMN
OBJECT
                           = TANALOG
  NAME
```

```
= 14
  COLUMN_NUMBER
  START_BYTE
                    = 47
                     = 2
  BYTES
  DATA_TYPE
                 = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
                    = "CELSIUS = 100*V5plus - 0.100*DN - 273.2"
  UNIT
  MINIMUM
                    = 0
  MAXIMUM
                   = 4095
= "Temperature Monitor Value-Analog Electronics Board
  DESCRIPTION
                       (in UNITS formula V5plus in volts)."
                  = COLUMN
= COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
 NAME = TDIGITAL
COLUMN_NUMBER = 15
START_BYTE = 49
BYTES
  BYTES
                    = 2
  DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
UNIT = "CELSIUS = 100*V5plus - 0.100*DN - 273.2"
MINIMUM = 0
  MINIMUM
MAXIMUM
                  = 4095
= "Temperature Monitor Value-Digital Electronics Board
 DESCRIPTION
                      (in UNITS formula V5plus in volts)."
                = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                     = COLUMN
                    = TPOWER
  NAME
 COLUMN_NUMBER = 16
START_BYTE = 51
                    = 2
 DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
UNIT = "CELSIUS = 100*V5plus - 0.100*DN - 273.2"
 MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "Temperature Monitor Value--Power Supply (in UNITS
                      formula V5plus in volts)."
                   = COLUMN
END OBJECT
OBJECT
                    = COLUMN
                    = TREF
 NAME
 COLUMN_NUMBER = 17
START_BYTE = 53
BYTES = 2
                    = 2
  BYTES
                 = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
= "CELSIUS = 100*V5plus - 0.100*DN - 273.2"
= 0
  DATA_TYPE
  UNIT
  MINIMUM
  MAXIMUM
                   = 4095
= "Temperature Monitor Value-Reference Location,
  DESCRIPTION
                        Telescope Housing Wall (in UNITS formula V5plus in
                       volts)."
END OBJECT
                   = COLUMN
                    = COLUMN
OBJECT
                    = RADHIGHSENS
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 18
START_BYTE = 55
  START_BYTE
                    = 2
  BYTES
  DATA_TYPE
                   = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
= "RADS = 0.00002*((DN+8)/16)"
= 0
= 4095
  UNIT
  MINIMUM
MAXIMUM
  DESCRIPTION = "Radiation Monitor Scalar Output-High Sensitivity."
```

```
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
NAME
                         = COLUMN
  NAME = RADMEDSENS
COLUMN_NUMBER = 19
START_BYTE = 57
                  = 2
= MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
= "RADS = 0.00512*((DN+8)/16)"
= 0
  BYTES
  DATA TYPE
  UNIT
  MINIMUM
MAXIMUM = 4095
DESCRIPTION = "Radiation Monitor Scalar Output-Medium Sensitivity."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  NAME = RADLOWSENS
COLUMN_NUMBER = 20
START_BYTE = 59
                          = 2
  BYTES
  BYTES = Z
DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
UNIT = "RADS = 1.31*((DN+8)/16)"
MINIMUM = 0
  MINIMUM
MAXIMUM
MAXIMUM = 4095
DESCRIPTION = "Radiation Monitor Scalar Output—Low Sensitivity."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  NAME = TPRT
COLUMN_NUMBER = 21
START_BYTE = 61
BYTES
  BYTES
                     = 2

= MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER

= "CELSIUS = 0.1299*(4*DN-1E4)/(5-DN/1E3)"

= 0
  DATA_TYPE
  UNIT
  MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "Temperature Monitor Value-Reference Location,
                      = COLUMN
= COLUMN
                            Instrument Chassis (ground test only).
"END_OBJECT
OBJECT
  COLUMI

= PURGE

COLUMN_NUMBER = 22

START_BYTE = 63

BYTES - ^
  DATA_TYPE = MSB_UNSIGNED_INTEGER
UNIT = "CU FT/HR = DN-0.371*V5plus+19*(Tref-20)"
  MINIMUM = 0

MAXIMUM = 4095

DESCRIPTION = "GN2 Purge Flow Rate Monitor Value (ground test only)
                            (in UNITS formula V5plus in volts, Tref in Celsius)."
END OBJECT = COLUMN
```

Appendix D Level 1 data record formats

This section shows the contents of the FMT files for each of the three types of Level 1 data.

D.1 Level 1 Primary Science Record (CRAT_L1_PRI.FMT)

```
OBJECT
                      = COLUMN
  NAME
                      = SECONDS
                     = 1
  COLUMN_NUMBER
  START_BYTE
                    = 1
  BYTES
                    = 9
                   = ASCII_INTEGER
  DATA TYPE
  FORMAT
                    = I9
UNIT = SECONDS

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time (elapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
 NAME = FRACT

COLUMN_NUMBER = 2

START_BYTE = 11

BYTES
               = ASCII_INTEGER
  DATA_TYPE
  FORMAT
                    = I2
                  = "1/100 SECOND"
= "Spacecraft Time-Fractional Seconds."
= COLUMN
  UNIT
DESCRIPTION END_OBJECT
                    = COLUMN
OBJECT
 COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
START_BYTE = 14
BYTES
                  = ASCII_INTEGER
= 16
  DATA_TYPE
  FORMAT
                    = "N/A"
  UNIT
  DESCRIPTION = "N/A" = "Event Index within Current Second."
END_OBJECT
                    = COLUMN
OBJECT
                    = COLUMN
                    = AMPL
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 4
START_BYTE = 2
                    = 21
                    = 29
  BYTES
  ITEM_BYTES
  __
ITEM_OFFSET
                    = 5
  ITEMS
                    = 6
  DATA_TYPE
                   = ASCII_INTEGER
= I4
  FORMAT
                    = "ADU"
  UNIT
  DESCRIPTION
                  = "PHA Output Amplitude of D1..D6 Signals for Single
                      Event."
END_OBJECT
                     = COLUMN
OBJECT
                    = COLUMN
  NAME
                    = ENERGY
  COLUMN_NUMBER
                    = 5
                    = 51
  START_BYTE
  BYTES
                     = 65
  ITEM_BYTES
                      = 10
```

D.2 Level 1 Secondary Science Record (CRAT_L1_SEC.FMT)

```
OBJECT
                               = COLUMN
   NAME
                              = SECONDS
                            = 1
   COLUMN_NUMBER
  BYTES = 9
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER

FORMAT = I9
UNIT = SECONDS

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time (elapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 ITC) "
   START_BYTE
                            = 1
END_OBJECT = COLUMN OBJECT = COLUMN
  NAME = FRACT

COLUMN_NUMBER = 2

START_BYTE = 11

BYTES
  BYTES = 2
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I2
  FORMAT
UNIT = "1/100 SECOND"

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time-Fractional Seconds."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
  COLUMN

COLUMN_NUMBER

START_BYTE

BYTES

COLUMN

= BIASCNTRL

= 3

14

- 7
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I1
  FORMAT
  UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Detector Bias Delayed Control Flag (1 = enabled)."

ND_OBJECT = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                            = COLUMN
                            = BIASCMD
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 4
START_BYTE = 16
                            = 1
  BYTES
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER

FORMAT = I1

UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Detector Bias Voltage Flag (1 = on)."

ND_OBJECT = COLUMN
  DATA_TYPE
END_OBJECT
                            = COLUMN
OBJECT
  COLUMN = CALLOW

COLUMN_NUMBER = 5

START_BYTE - 1^
   BYTES
                            = 1
```

```
DATA_TYPE
                            = ASCII_INTEGER
                               = I1
   FORMAT
   UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Internal Calibration Pulser-Low Range
                                 Flag (1 = enabled)."
                            = COLUMN
END OBJECT
OBJECT
                              = COLUMN
                              = CALHIGH
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 6
START_BYTE = 20
BYTES = 1
                              = 1
   BYTES = 1
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I1
UNIT = "N/A"
   UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Internal Calibration Pulser-High Range
                                 Flag (1 = enabled)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
  = COLUMN
NAME = CALRATE
COLUMN_NUMBER = 7
START_BYTE = 22
BYTES = 1
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I1
UNIT = "N/"
DESCRIPTION
OBJECT
                              = COLUMN
   UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Internal Calibration Pulser Pulse Rate Flag
(0 = 8 Hz; 1 = 1953 Hz)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = PROCDFLAG
COLUMN_NUMBER = 8
START_BYTE = 24
BYTES = 11
BYTES = 11
ITEM_BYTES = 1
ITEM_OFFSET = 2
ITEMS = 6
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I1
UNIT = "N/A"
DESCRIPTION = "Detector Processing Flag (1 = enabled)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = LASTCMD
COLUMN_NUMBER = 9
START_BYTE = 36
BYTES = 5
   BYTES
                               = 11
   BYTES = 5
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = 15
   FORMAT
UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Address of Last Command to CRATER."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
   NAME = LASTVALUE
COLUMN_NUMBER = 10
START_BYTE = 42
BYTES
   BYTES
                               = 5
   DATA TYPE = ASCII INTEGER
```

```
FORMAT
                               = I5
DESCRIPTION = "Contents of Last Command to CRATER."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
                               = COLUMN
   BYTES = 5
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I5
- "N/A"
UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "LLD Setting—Thin Detectors (D1, D3, D5)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME = DISCTHICK

COLUMN_NUMBER = 12

START_BYTE = 54

BYTES = 54
UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "LLD Setting--Thick Detectors (D2, D4, D6)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME = MACV

COLUMN NAME
   BYTES = 5
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I5
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 13
START_BYTE = 60
BYTES
    ITEM_BYTES = 10
ITEM_OFFSET = 11
UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Detector Coincidence Discriminator Accept Mask (64 bits)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME = SINGLE

COLUMN_NUMBER = 14

START_BYTE = 82

BYTES = 35

ITEM_BYTEC
    ITEM_BYTES = 5
ITEM_OFFSET = 6
                            = 6
= ASCII_INTEGER
    ITEMS
    DATA_TYPE
    FORMAT
                               = I5
 UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "D1..D6 Singles Counters."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
                               = COLUMN
 OBJECT
   NAME = GOOD
COLUMN_NUMBER = 15
START_BYTE = 118
BYTES
    DATA TYPE = ASCII INTEGER
```

```
FORMAT = I5
UNIT = "N/A"
DESCRIPTION = "Good Events Counter."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME = REJECT

COLUMN_NUMBER = 16
START_BYTE = 124
BYTES = 5
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I5
UNIT = "N/A"
DESCRIPTION = "Rejected Events Counter."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME = TOTAL
COLUMN_NUMBER = 17
START_BYTE = 130
BYTES = 5
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I5
UNIT = "N/A"
START_BYTE = 130
BYTES = 5
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I5
UNIT = "N/A"
DESCRIPTION = "Total Events Counter."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
```

D.3 Level 1 Housekeeping Record (CRAT_L1_HK.FMT)

```
OBJECT
                        = COLUMN
                       = SECONDS
  NAME
   COLUMN_NUMBER
                      = 1
   START_BYTE
BYTES
                      = 1
= 9
   BYTES
  2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
                      = FRACT
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
START_BYTE = 11
= 11

BYTES = 2

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER

FORMAT = I2

UNIT = "1/100 SECOND"

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time-Fractional Second."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
NAME
                      = V5DIGITAL
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 4
START_BYTE = 25
                       = 7
   BYTES
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
FORMAT = "F7.3"
   UNIT
                       = VOLTS
```

```
DESCRIPTION = "+5VDC Digital Regulated Voltage."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
                                = COLUMN
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 5
START_BYTE = 33
BYTES
UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Analog Voltage Status Indicator (0 = on; 15 = off, remaining H/K invalid)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = V5DITC
COLUMN NUMBER
   NAME = V5PLUS

COLUMN_NUMBER = 6

START_BYTE = 36

BYTES
                                = 7
   BYTES
   DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL FORMAT = "F7.3"
   FORMAT
                                = VOLTS
   UNIT
DESCRIPTION = "+5VDC Analog Regulated Voltage."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 7
START_BYTE = 44
BYTES
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.3"

UNIT = VOLTS

DESCRIPTION = "-5VDC Analog Regulated Voltage."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT
OBJECT
                                = COLUMN
                                = BIASCURRENT
   NAME
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 8
START_BYTE = 68
BYTES
                                = 47
   BYTES
   BYTES
ITEM_BYTES = 7
ITEM_OFFSET = 8
= 6
  ITEM_OFFSET

ITEMS = 6

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.3"

UNIT = MICRO AMPS

DESCRIPTION = "Detector Bias Currents."

OBJECT = COLUMN

COLUMN
 END_OBJECT
 OBJECT
                                = BIASVOLTTHIN
   NAME
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 9
START_BYTE = 116
BYTES = 7
= /
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.3"
UNIT = VOLTS
DESCRIPTION = "Thin Detector (D1, D3, D5) Bias Voltage."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT - COLUMN
```

```
= BIASVOLTTHICK
   NAME
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 10
START_BYTE = 124
                           = 7
   BYTES
                        = ASCII_REAL
= "F7.3"
   DATA TYPE
   FORMAT
                        = VOLTS
= "Thick Detector (D2, D4, D6) Bias Voltage."
= COLUMN
DESCRIPTION
END_OBJECT
                           = COLUMN
OBJECT
   COLUMN = CALAMP

COLUMN_NUMBER = 11

START_BYTE = 132

BYTES - 7
   DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
FORMAT = "F7.3"
   FORMAT
UNIT = VOLTS

DESCRIPTION = "Internal Calibration Pulser Pulse Amplitude."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
                          = COLUMN
                           = LLDTHIN
   NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 12
START_BYTE = 140
BYTES = 7
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
FORMAT = "F7.3"
UNIT = VOLTS
DESCRIPTION = "LLD Signal Threshold--Thin Detectors (D1, D3, D5)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
   NAME = LLDTHICK
COLUMN_NUMBER = 13
START_BYTE = 148
BYTES = 7

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.3"

UNIT = VOLTS

DESCRIPTION = "LLD Signal Threshold--Thick Detectors (D2, D4, D6)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
                          = COLUMN
  NAME = TTELESCOPE

COLUMN_NUMBER = 14

START_BYTE = 156

BYTES
   DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL FORMAT = "F7.2"
   FORMAT
                          = CELSIUS
   UNIT
                         = "Temperature-Telescope Assembly."
= COLUMN
   DESCRIPTION
END_OBJECT
                           = COLUMN
OBJECT
                           = TANALOG
   NAME
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 15
START_BYTE = 164
   BYTES
                           = 7
   DATA_TYPE
                         = ASCII_REAL
= "F7.2"
   FORMAT
   UNIT
                            = CELSIUS
```

```
DESCRIPTION = "Temperature—Analog Electronics Board."
                       = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
                       = COLUMN
OBJECT
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 16
START_BYTE
                       = 7
                     = ASCII_REAL
= "F7.2"
  DATA_TYPE
  FORMAT
                       = CELSIUS
  UNIT
DESCRIPTION = "Temperature-Digital Electronics Board."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
  NAME = TPOWER
COLUMN_NUMBER = 17
START_BYTE = 180
BYTES
                        = 7
  BYTES

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.2"
= "F7.2"

CN1T' = CELSIUS

DESCRIPTION = "Temperature-Power Supply."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME
  NAME
COLUMN_NUMBER = 18
START_BYTE = 188
BYTES = 7
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL FORMAT = "F7.2"
  FORMAT
UNIT
  UNIT = CELSIUS

DESCRIPTION = "Temperature-Reference Location, Telescope Housing
                         Wall."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
                       = COLUMN
  NAME
                       = RADHIGHSENS
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 19
START_BYTE = 196
BYTES = 10
                       = 10
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
FORMAT = "E10.4"
UNIT = RADS
DESCRIPTION = "Radiation Monitor Integrated Dose-High Sensitivity."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
  = 10
  BYTES
  DATA_TYPE
                       = ASCII_REAL
                       = "E10.4"
  FORMAT
                       = RADS
  UNIT
  DESCRIPTION = "Radiation Monitor Integrated Dose-Medium
Sensitivity "
                         Sensitivity."
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
NAME
                      = COLUMN
= COLUMN
                       = RADLOWSENS
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 21
```

Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter

START_BYTE = 218
BYTES = 10
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
FORMAT = "E10.4"
UNIT = RADS

UNIT = RADS
DESCRIPTION = "Radiation Monitor Integrated Dose-Low Sensitivity."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN

Appendix E Level 2 data record formats

This section shows the contents of the FMT files for each of the three types of Level 2 data.

E.1 Level 2 Primary Science Record (CRAT_L2_PRI.FMT)

```
OBJECT
                     = COLUMN
 NAME
                     = SECONDS
                    = 1
  COLUMN_NUMBER
  START_BYTE
                   = 1
  BYTES
                   = 9
                  = ASCII_INTEGER
 DATA TYPE
 FORMAT
                   = I9
 UNIT = SECONDS

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time (elapsed seconds from epoch 2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
                   = COLUMN
OBJECT
                   = FRACT
 NAME
 COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
START_BYTE = 11
 BYTES
                    = 2
                = ASCII_INTEGER
 DATA_TYPE
  FORMAT
                   = I2
                 = "1/100 SECOND"
= "Spacecraft Time-Fractional Seconds."
= COLUMN
 UNIT
 DESCRIPTION
END_OBJECT
                   = COLUMN
OBJECT
 NAME = TIME
COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
START_BYTE = 15
 BYTES
                   = 19
 DATA_TYPE
                 = TIME
= A19
 FORMAT
 UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time-UTC (yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss)."
END_OBJECT
                   = COLUMN
OBJECT
                   = COLUMN
                   = INDEX
 COLUMN_NUMBER
START_BYTE
                  = 4
                   = 36
                   = 6
  BYTES
 DATA_TYPE
                 = ASCII_INTEGER
= I6
  FORMAT
                 = "N/A"
= "Event Index within Current Second."
= COLUMN
 UNIT
DESCRIPTION END_OBJECT
                   = COLUMN
OBJECT
                    = AMPL
 NAME
                  = 5
  COLUMN NUMBER
  START BYTE
                   = 43
                    = 29
 BYTES
  ITEM BYTES
                   = 4
                   = 5
  ITEM_OFFSET
  ITEMS
                   = 6
 DATA_TYPE
                   = ASCII_INTEGER
  FORMAT
```

```
= "ADU"
    UNIT
    DESCRIPTION = "PHA Output Amplitude of D1..D6 Signals for Single
END_OBJECT
                                = COLUMN
OBJECT
                                   = COLUMN
                                  = ENERGY
    COLUMN_NUMBER = 6
START RYTE = 73
   START_BYTE
                                  = 73
BYTES = 65
ITEM_BYTES = 10
ITEM_OFFSET = 11
ITEMS = 6
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
FORMAT = "E10.4"
UNIT = "KILO ELECTRON VOLTS"
DESCRIPTION = "Energy Deposited in D1..D6 for Single Event."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN

= LET
                                   = 65
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 7
START_BYTE = 139
BYTES - 65
START_BYIE

BYTES = 65

ITEM_BYTES = 10

ITEM_OFFSET = 11

ITEMS = 6

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "E10.4"

UNIT = "KILO ELECTRON VOLTS PER MICRON"

DESCRIPTION = "LET(Si)in D1..D6 for Single Event."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

DQI
   NAME = DQI
COLUMN_NUMBER = 8
START_BYTE = 205
BYTES
BYTES = 10

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "E10.4"

UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Data Quality Indicator."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
   BYTES
DATA_TYPE
    NAME = MAXSIGFLAGS
COLUMN_NUMBER = 9
START_BYTE = 216
                                   = 11
    BYTES
    ITEM_BYTES
                                 = 1
= 2
    ITEM_OFFSET
                                  = 6
    ITEMS
                                = ASCII_INTEGER
= I1
    DATA_TYPE
    FORMAT
UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "D1..D6 Signal Near Saturation Flags (1 = true)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
   NAME = GTLLDFLAGS
COLUMN_NUMBER = 10
START_BYTE = 228
```

```
BYTES = 11

ITEM_BYTES = 1

ITEM_OFFSET = 2

ITEMS = 6

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER

FORMAT = I1

UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "D1..D6 Signal Exceeds LLD Threshold Flag (1 = true)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
```

E.2 Level 2 Secondary Science Record (CRAT_L2_SEC.FMT)

```
OBJECT
                      = COLUMN
  NAME
                      = SECONDS
  COLUMN NUMBER
                    = 1
  START_BYTE
                    = 1
                    = 9
 BYTES
DATA_TYPE
  BYTES
                  = ASCII_INTEGER
= I9
 FORMAT
 UNIT = SECONDS

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time (elapsed seconds from epoch
                       2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OR.TECT = COLUMN
 NAME = FRACT

COLUMN_NUMBER = 2

START_BYTE = 11

BYTES
                  = 2
= ASCII_INTEGER
= I2
  BYTES
  DATA TYPE
 FORMAT
UNIT = "1/100 SECOND"

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time-Fractional Seconds."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
                    = COLUMN
OBJECT
 COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
START_BYTE = 15
BYTES
                 = TIME
  DATA_TYPE
 FORMAT
                    = A19
 UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time-UTC (yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss)."

ND_OBJECT = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
                    = COLUMN
OBJECT
                    = BIASCNTRL
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 4
START_BYTE = 36
  BYTES
                    = 1
  DATA_TYPE
                   = ASCII_INTEGER
= I1
  FORMAT
                    = "N/A"
  UNIT
                  = "Detector Bias Delayed Control Flag (1 = enabled)."
  DESCRIPTION
END_OBJECT
                    = COLUMN
                    = COLUMN
OBJECT
                    = BIASCMD
  NAME
  COLUMN NUMBER
                    = 5
```

```
START_BYTE = 38
                       = 1
  BYTES
  DATA_TYPE
                    = ASCII_INTEGER
= I1
  FORMAT
                     = "N/A"
= "Detector Bias Voltage Flag (1 = on)."
= COLUMN
  UNIT
  DESCRIPTION
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                       = COLUMN
  NAME
                       = CALLOW
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 6
START_BYTE = 40
BYTES = 1
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I1
UNIT = "N/A"
  UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Internal Calibration Pulser-Low Range
                         Flag (1 = enabled)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
                       = COLUMN
  COLUMN = CALHIGH
COLUMN_NUMBER = 7
START_BYTE = 42
BYTES
  BYTES = 1
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I1
UNIT = "N/A"
DESCRIPTION = "Internal Calibration Pulser-High Range Flag (1 = enabled)."
 BYTES
DATA_TYPE
FORMAT
                         Flag (1 = enabled)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
  NAME = CALRATE
COLUMN_NUMBER = 8
START_BYTE = 44
  END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = PROCDF1
  - COLUMN
NAME = PROCDFLAG
COLUMN_NUMBER = 9
START_BYTE = 46
BYTES
                       = 11
  ITEM_BYTES
                      = 1
  ITEM_OFFSET
                       = 2
                       = 6
  ITEMS
                      = ASCII_INTEGER
= I1
  DATA_TYPE
  FORMAT
UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Detector Processing Flag (1 = enabled)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
  NAME
                       = LASTCMD
  COLUMN_NUMBER = LAY
START_BYTE = 58
```

```
= 5
   BYTES
                        = ASCII_INTEGER
= I5
   DATA_TYPE
  FORMAT
  UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Address of Last Command to CRATER."

JD ORJECT COLUMN
END_OBJECT
                         = COLUMN
OBJECT
                          = COLUMN
  NAME
                          = LASTVALUE
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 11
START_BYTE = 64
                          = 5
  BYTES
BYTES = 5

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER

FORMAT = I5

UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Contents of Last Command to CRATER."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

- DISCRIPTIN
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 12
START_BYTE = 70
BYTES
BYTES = 5

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER

FORMAT = I5

UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "LLD Setting—Thin Detectors (D1, D3, D5)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
  - COLUMN
NAME = DISCTHICK
COLUMN_NUMBER = 13
START_BYTE = 76
BYTES
  BYTES = 5
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT
  FORMAT
                          = I5
UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "LLD Setting--Thick Detectors (D2, D4, D6)."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
                          = COLUMN
OBJECT
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 14
START_BYTE = 82
BYTES
  ITEM_BYTES
  ITEM_BYTES = 10
ITEM_OFFSET = 11
                      = 2
= ASCII_INTEGER
   ITEMS
  DATA_TYPE
  FORMAT
                          = I10
  UNIT
                          = "N/A"
                         = "Detector Coincidence Discriminator Accept Mask
  DESCRIPTION
                             (64 bits)."
                          = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                           = COLUMN
  NAME = SINGLE
COLUMN_NUMBER = 15
START_BYTE = 104
BYTE:
                          = 35
  ITEM_BYTES
                          = 5
   ITEM_OFFSET = 6
```

```
= 6
   ITEMS
   DATA_TYPE
                          = ASCII_INTEGER
= I5
   FORMAT
   UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "D1..D6 Singles Counters."

ND_OBJECT = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                             = COLUMN
   NAME
                             = GOOD
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 16
START_BYTE = 140
BYTES = 5
STARI_BILL

BYTES = 5

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER

FORMAT = I5

UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Good Events Counter."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

REJECT
   COLUMN_NUMBER = REJECT
START_BYTE = 146
BYTES
BYTES = 5
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT = I5
UNIT = "N/A"
DESCRIPTION = "Rejected Events Counter."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
   DAME - COLUMI
COLUMN_NUMBER = 18
START_BYTE = 152
BYTES
   BYTES = 5
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT - TF
   FORMAT
UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "Total Events Counter."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
                             = COLUMN
OBJECT
   COLUMN = MOONVEC

COLUMN_NUMBER = 19

START_BYTE = 158

BYTES
   ITEM_BYTES
   ITEM_BYTES = 11
ITEM_OFFSET = 12
                             = 3
   ITEMS
                        = ASCII_REAL
= "E11.4"
   DATA_TYPE
   FORMAT
   UNIT
                             = KM
                          = "Moon-to-Spacecraft Vector (MOON_ME)."
= COLUMN
   DESCRIPTION
END_OBJECT
```

E.3 Level 2 Housekeeping Record (CRAT_L2_HK.FMT)

```
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = SECONDS
COLUMN_NUMBER = 1
START_BYTE = 1
```

```
= 9
   BYTES
                       = ASCII_INTEGER
= 19
   DATA_TYPE
  FORMAT
                     = SECONDS
= "Spacecraft Time (elapsed seconds from epoch
   UNIT
  DESCRIPTION
                           2001-01-01T00:00:00.000 UTC)."
                       = COLUMN
END OBJECT
OBJECT
                         = COLUMN
                         = FRACT
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 2
START_BYTE = 11
BYTES = 2
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER

FORMAT = I2
UNIT = "1/100 SECOND"

DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time-Fractional Second."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT - COLUMN
                        = COLUMN
OBJECT
                        = TIME
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 3
START_BYTE = 15
                        = 15
= 19
DATA_TYPE = TIME
FORMAT = A19
UNIT = "N/A"
DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft Time-UTC (yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss)."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
                        = COLUMN
  NAME = V28BUS
COLUMN_NUMBER = 5
START_BYTE = 36
                      = 7
= ASCII_REAL
= "F7.3"
  BYTES
  DATA_TYPE
UNIT = VOLTS
DESCRIPTION = "Spacecraft 28VDC Power Bus Voltage."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
   FORMAT
OBJECT
                        = COLUMN
  COLUMN = V5DIGITAL
COLUMN_NUMBER = 6
START_BYTE = 44
BYTES = 7
  DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL FORMAT = "F7.3"
  FORMAT
  UNIT = VOLTS

DESCRIPTION = "+5VDC Digital Regulated Voltage."
                        = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                         = COLUMN
                         = VANALOGERR
  NAME
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 7
START_BYTE = 52
                          = 52
                         = 2
   BYTES
  DATA_TYPE
                       = ASCII_INTEGER
= I2
   FORMAT
                        = "N/A"
  DESCRIPTION = "Analog Voltage Status Indicator (0 = on; 15 = off,
                             remaining H/K invalid)."
```

```
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = V5PLUS
COLUMN_NUMBER = 8
START_BYTE = 55
BYTES = 7

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.3"

UNIT = VOLTS

DESCRIPTION = "+5VDC Analog Regulated Voltage."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
END_OBOECT = COLORD

OBJECT = V5NEG

COLUMN_NUMBER = 9

START_BYTE = 63

= 7
     BYTES = /
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL
FORMAT = "F7.3"
= "F7.3"

DESCRIPTION = "-5VDC Analog Regulated Voltage."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

NAME = T2000000

      NAME
      = I28BUS

      COLUMN_NUMBER
      = 10

      START_BYTE
      = 714

      BYTES
      = 7

START_BYTE

BYTES = 7

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.3"

UNIT = AMPS

DESCRIPTION = "CRATER Current Draw from Spacecraft 28VDC Power Bus."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = P28BUS
    COLUMN = P28BUS

COLUMN_NUMBER = 11

START_BYTE = 79

BYTES
    BYTES = 7

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.3"

UNIT = WATTS

DESCRIPTION = "CRATER Power Draw from Spacecraft 28VDC Power Bus

(V28bus*128bus)"
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = BIASCURRENT
COLUMN_NUMBER = 12
START_BYTE = 87
     BYTES
                                             = 47
     ITEM_BYTES
                                            = 7
ITEMS = 8

ITEMS = 6

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.3"

UNIT = MICRO AMPS

DESCRIPTION = "Detector Bias Currents."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT - COLUMN
     ITEM_OFFSET
                                            = 8
 OBJECT
                                             = COLUMN
                                               = BIASVOLTTHIN
     NAME
```

```
= 13
  COLUMN_NUMBER
  START_BYTE
                      = 135
                       = 7
  BYTES
  DATA_TYPE
                    = ASCII_REAL
  FORMAT
                      = "F7.3"
  UNIT
                      = VOLTS
                     = "Thin Detector (D1, D3, D5) Bias Voltage."
= COLUMN
  DESCRIPTION
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                      = COLUMN
                      = BIASVOLTTHICK
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 14
START_BYTE = 143
                      = 7
                   = ASCII_REAL

= "F7.3"

= VOLTS

= "Thick Detector (D2, D4, D6) Bias Voltage."
  DATA_TYPE
  FORMAT
  UNIT
  DESCRIPTION
END_OBJECT
                      = COLUMN
OBJECT
                      = COLUMN
                      = CALAMP
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 15
START_BYTE = 15
                     = 151
START_BYTE = 151

BYTES = 7

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.3"

UNIT = VOLTS

DESCRIPTION = "Internal Calibration Pulser Pulse Amplitude."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
  NAME = LLDTHIN
COLUMN_NUMBER = 16
START_BYTE = 159
                      = 7
  BYTES
                    = ASCII_REAL
= "F7.3"
  DATA TYPE
  FORMAT
                      = VOLTS
  UNIT
  DESCRIPTION = "LLD Signal Threshold--Thin Detectors (D1, D3, D5)."
ND_OBJECT = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
                      = COLUMN
OBJECT
  NAME = LLDTHICK
COLUMN_NUMBER = 17
START_BYTE = 167
                      = 7
  BYTES
                   = ASCII_REAL
= "F7.3"
  DATA TYPE
  FORMAT
                    = VOLTS
= "LLD Signal Threshold--Thick Detectors (D2, D4, D6)."
  UNIT
  DESCRIPTION
                      = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
                      = COLUMN
OBJECT
                       = TTELESCOPE
  NAME
  COLUMN_NUMBER = 18
START_BYTE = 175
  BYTES
                      = 7
                    = ASCII_REAL
= "F7.2"
  DATA_TYPE
  FORMAT
  UNIT
                      = CELSIUS
  DESCRIPTION = "Temperature-Telescope Assembly."
```

```
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
NAME
                            = COLUMN
  NAME = TANALOG
COLUMN_NUMBER = 19
START_BYTE = 183
                         = 7
= ASCII_REAL
= "F7.2"
   BYTES
  DATA_TYPE
FORMAT
UNIT = CELSIUS

DESCRIPTION = "Temperature—Analog Electronics Board."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
                            = COLUMN
   NAME = TDIGITAL
COLUMN_NUMBER = 20
START_BYTE = 191
BYTES = 7
   DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL FORMAT = "F7 2"
   FORMAT
                            = "F7.2"
UNIT = CELSIUS

DESCRIPTION = "Temperature-Digital Electronics Board."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
                            = COLUMN
  NAME = TPOWER
COLUMN_NUMBER = 21
START_BYTE = 199
BYTES = 7
  BYTES
DATA_TYPE
DATA_TYPE = 7

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.2"

UNIT = CELSIUS

DESCRIPTION = "Temperature-Power Supply."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT - COLUMN
OBJECT
                            = COLUMN
  NAME = TREF
COLUMN_NUMBER = 22
START_BYTE = 207
BYTES
  BYTES = 7

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "F7.2"

UNIT = CELSIUS

DESCRIPTION = "Temperature-Reference Location, Telescope Housing Wall."
                               Wall."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT = COLUMN
NAME = RADHIG
  NAME = RADHIGHSENS
COLUMN_NUMBER = 23
START_BYTE = 215
                            = 10
   BYTES
                          = ASCII_REAL
= "E10.4"
   DATA_TYPE
UNIT = RADS
DESCRIPTION = "Radiation Monitor Integrated Dose-High Sensitivity."
END_OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT - COLUMN
                            = COLUMN
OBJECT
                            = RADMEDSENS
   NAME
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 24
START BYTE = 226
   START_BYTE
                              = 10
   BYTES
```

```
DATA_TYPE
                           = ASCII_REAL
                             = "E10.4"
   FORMAT
   UNIT = RADS
DESCRIPTION = "Radiation Monitor Integrated Dose-Medium"
                                Sensitivity."
                           = COLUMN
END OBJECT
OBJECT
                             = COLUMN
   NAME
                             = RADLOWSENS
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 25
START_BYTE = 237
BYTES = 10
                             = 10
BYTES = 10

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "E10.4"

UNIT = RADS

DESCRIPTION = "Radiation Monitor Integrated Dose-Low Sensitivity."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN

- PADTOTAL.
   BYTES
DATA_TYPE
FORMAT
UNIT
   NAME = RADTOTAL
COLUMN_NUMBER = 28
START_BYTE = 248
BYTES = 10

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "E10.4"

UNIT = RADS

DESCRIPTION = "Radiation Monitor Integrated Dose--Total."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
OBJECT
NAME
   - COLUMN
NAME = BIASENERGY
COLUMN_NUMBER = 29
START_BYTE = 259
BYTES
   ITEM_BYTES = 10
ITEM_OFFSET = 11
ITEM_OFFSET - IT

ITEMS = 6

DATA_TYPE = ASCII_REAL

FORMAT = "E10.4"

UNIT = "KILO ELECTRON VOLTS"

DESCRIPTION = "Detector LLD Deposited Energy Thresholds."

END_OBJECT = COLUMN

OBJECT = COLUMN
  ITEMS
DATA_TYPE
FORMAT
OBJECT
   BJECT = COLOPIN

NAME = OFFMOONFLAG

COLUMN_NUMBER = 30

START_BYTE = 325

- 1
  BYTES = 1
DATA_TYPE = ASCII_INTEGER
FORMAT
   FORMAT
                             = I1
                           = "N/A"
= "CRaTER Boresite Pointing Off Lunar Surface Flag
   UNIT
   DESCRIPTION
                                (1 = does not intercept surface)"
                             = COLUMN
END_OBJECT
OBJECT
                               = COLUMN
                             = ECLIPSEFLAG
   NAME
   COLUMN_NUMBER = 31
START_BYTE = 327
                             = 1
                         = ASCII_INTEGER
= I1
   DATA_TYPE
   FORMAT
```

Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter

UNIT = "N/A"

DESCRIPTION = "LRO in Eclipse Flag (1 = in eclipse)"

END_OBJECT = COLUMN